

Adsorption

Hajo Freund

Fritz Haber Institute of the Max Planck Society
Faradayweg 4-6, 14195 Berlin

Program

- Thermodynamics**
- Dynamics**
- Electronic Structure**

Adsorption

Ideal Gas Theory

number of molecules colliding with a unit surface area:

$$F_i'' = \frac{P_i}{\sqrt{2\pi m_A k_B T}}$$

P_i: pressure of species:

$$r_A = F_i'' \sigma$$

σ: sticking coefficient

molecules per unit surface and per unit time

$$r_A = F_i'' \sigma^0(T) f(\theta) = \frac{P_i \sigma^0(T) f(\theta)}{\sqrt{2\pi m_A k_B T}}$$

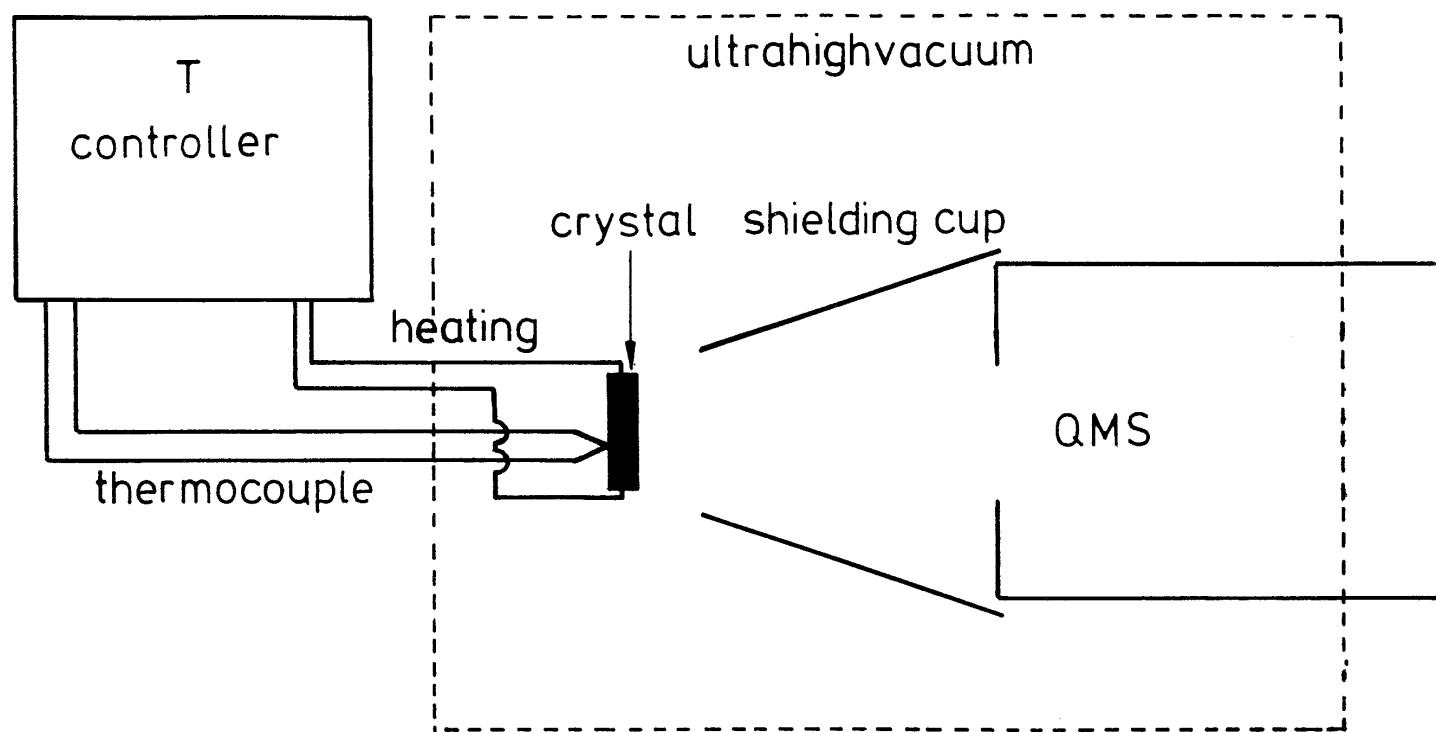
rate constant:

$$k_A = \frac{\sigma^0(T)}{\sqrt{2\pi m_A k_B T}}$$

$0 \leq \sigma^0(T) \leq 1$
unit: per pascal per cm² per second

Surface Coverage

Experimental Setup



Adsorption Isotherm

Clausius-Clapeyron

Assumption: adsorbate phase in equilibrium with the gas-phase and switching to partial molecular quantities

$$\left(\frac{\partial \ln P}{\partial T} \right) = \frac{(S_g - S_s)}{RT} = \frac{(h_g - h_s)}{RT^2} = -\frac{\Delta h_{ads}}{RT^2}$$

$$\Theta = \frac{n_s}{n_a}$$

$$\tilde{v}_s = \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial n_s} \right)_{T,P,n_a}$$

leads to:

$$\left(\frac{\partial \ln P}{\partial T} \right)_\Theta = \frac{(S_g - \tilde{S}_s)}{RT} = \frac{(h_g - \tilde{h}_s)}{RT^2} = \frac{-q_{st}}{RT^2}$$

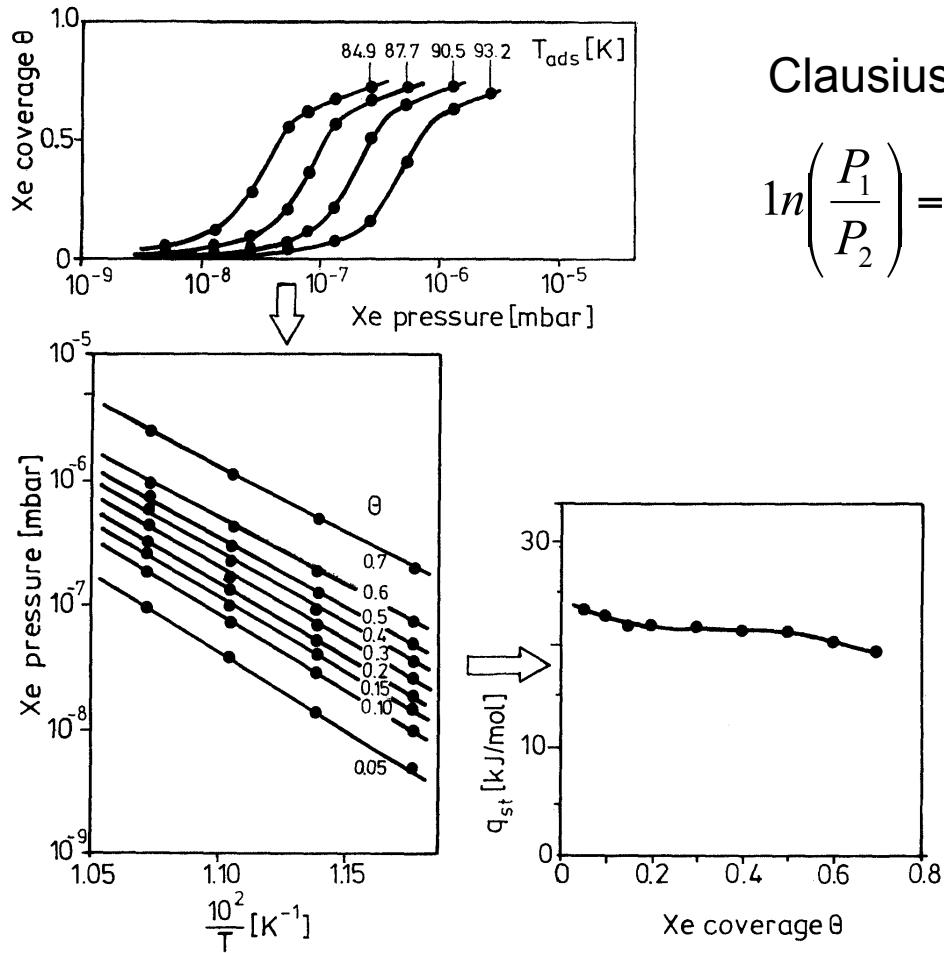
$$\frac{dP}{P} = \left(\frac{-q_{st}}{RT^2} \right) dT$$

Integration leads to:

$$\ln \left(\frac{P_1}{P_2} \right) = \frac{q_{st}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

Isosteric Heat of Adsorption

Xe/Ni(100)

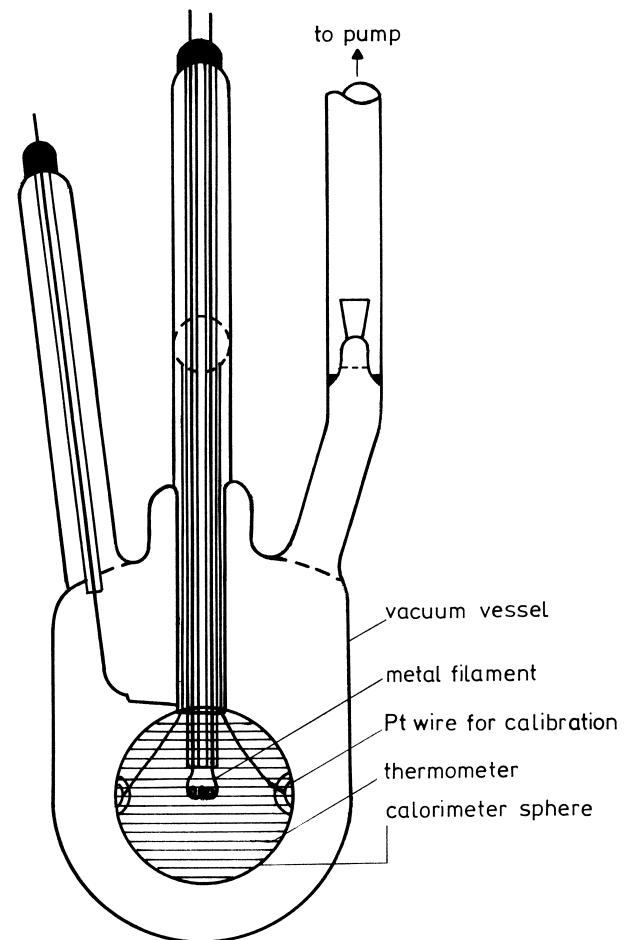


Clausius-Clapeyron

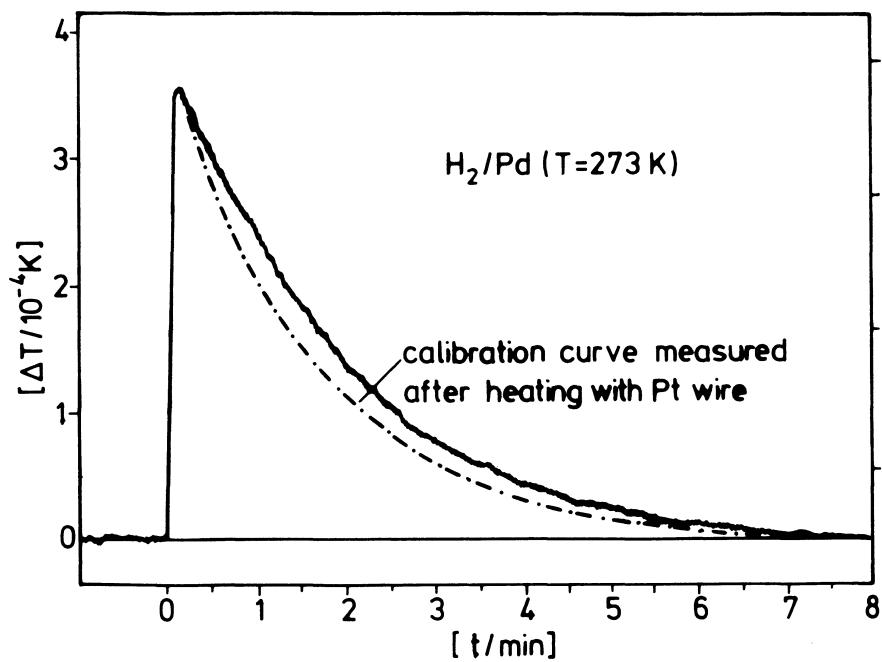
$$\ln\left(\frac{P_1}{P_2}\right) = \frac{q_{st}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

Heats of Adsorption (Evaporated Films)

Calorimeter (after Wedler)

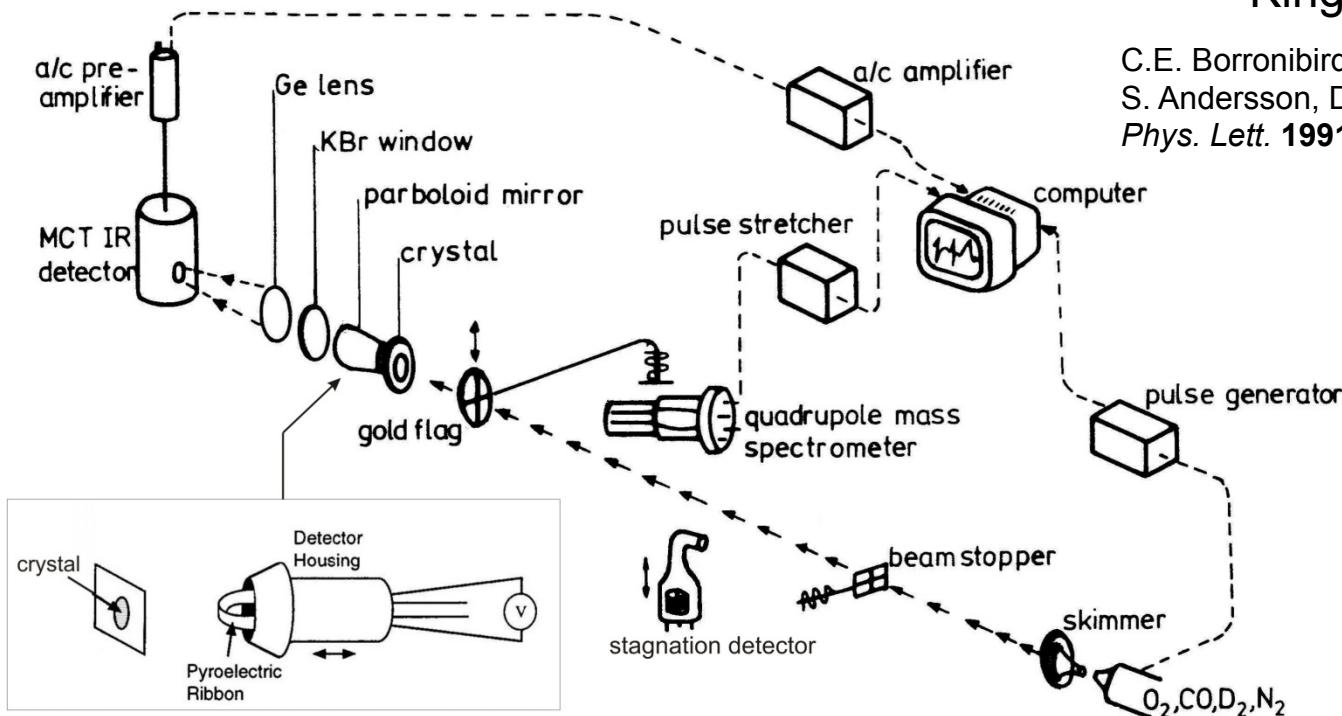


$$Q_{\text{integr}} = \int_0^{ns} q_{st} dn_s$$



Heat of Adsorption (Single Crystal)

Microcalorimetry



King, 1991

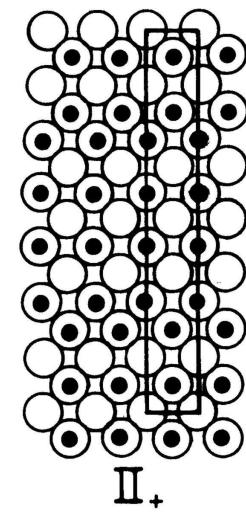
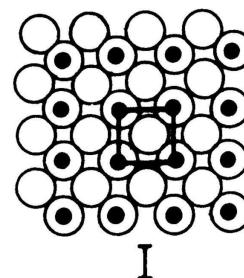
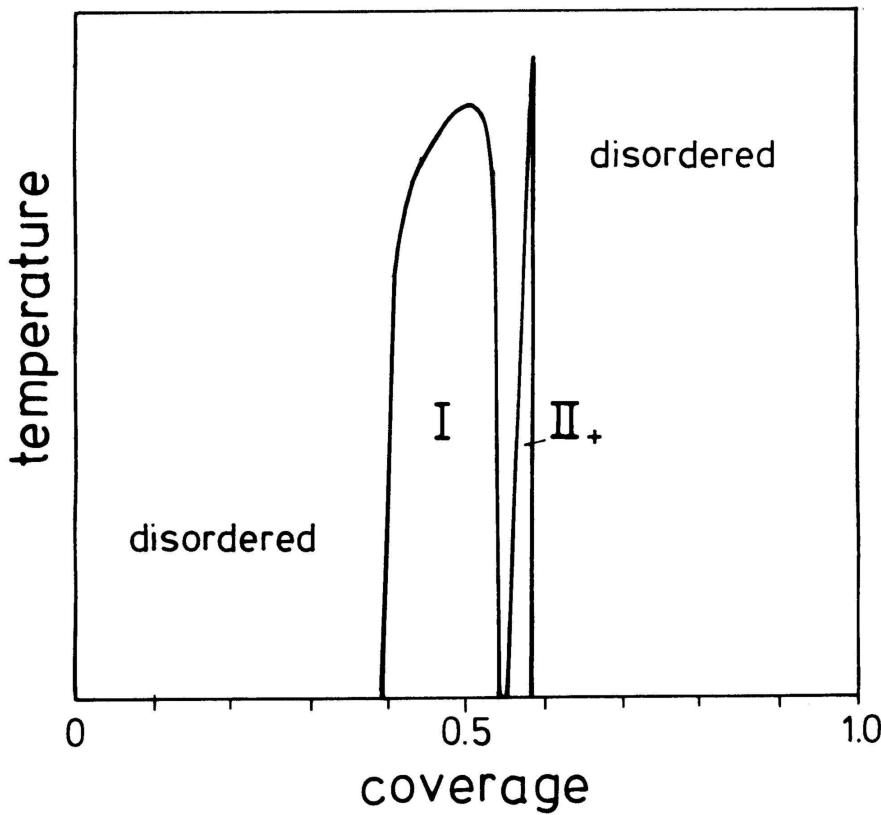
C.E. Borronibird, N. Alsarraf,
S. Andersson, D.A. King, *Chem.
Phys. Lett.* **1991**, 183, 516

Campbell, 1998

J.T. Stuckless, N.A. Frei, C.T. Campbell, *Rev. Sci. Inst.* **1998**, 69, 2427

Surface Phase Diagram

CO/Cu(100)



Adsorption Isotherm

after Langmuir

Adsorption rate: $r_{ad} = \frac{d\sigma_s}{dt} = \frac{P}{\sqrt{2\pi nkT}} s_o f(\sigma_s)$

$f(\sigma_s)$ accounts for the loss of empty sites

$$s_o = {}^o s \exp\left(-\frac{{}^{ads}E_{act}}{kT}\right)$$

Sticking depends on many factors:

$$s(v, E_e, T) = \sum_v F_B(v, T) s_a(v, E_e)$$

E_e is the effective translation energy.

$$E_e = E_i \cos^n(\vartheta_i)$$

Assumptions: each particle one site
no interaction

$$r_{ad}(\Theta) = \frac{d\Theta}{dt} = \frac{P}{\sqrt{2\pi nkT}} s_o f(\Theta)$$

$f(\Theta)$: associate adsorption: $(1 - \Theta)$
: dissociate adsorption: $(1 - \Theta)^2$

$$r_{ad} = r_{des}$$

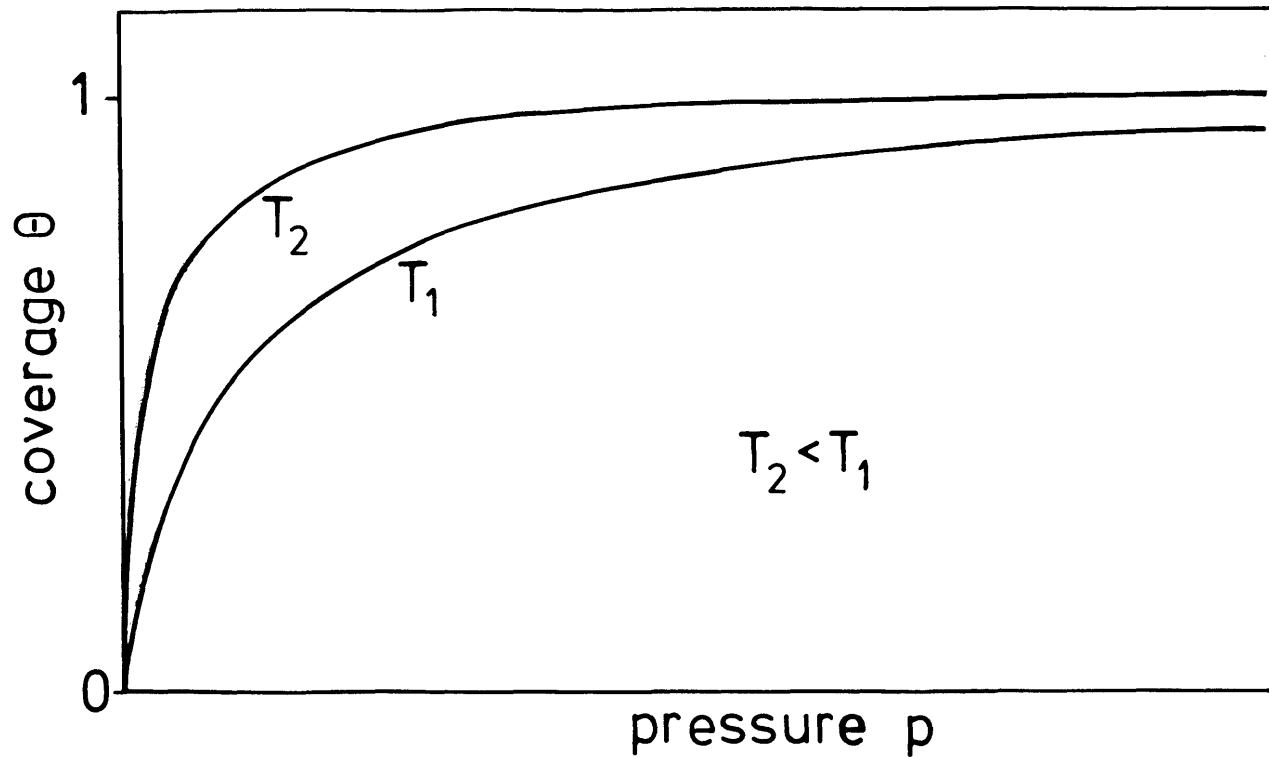
$$f(\Theta) = \frac{b(T)P}{1 + b(T)P}$$

with

$$b(T) = \frac{{}^o s}{v \sqrt{2\pi nkT}} \exp\left(-\frac{{}^{ads}E_{act} - {}^{des}E_{act}}{kT}\right)$$

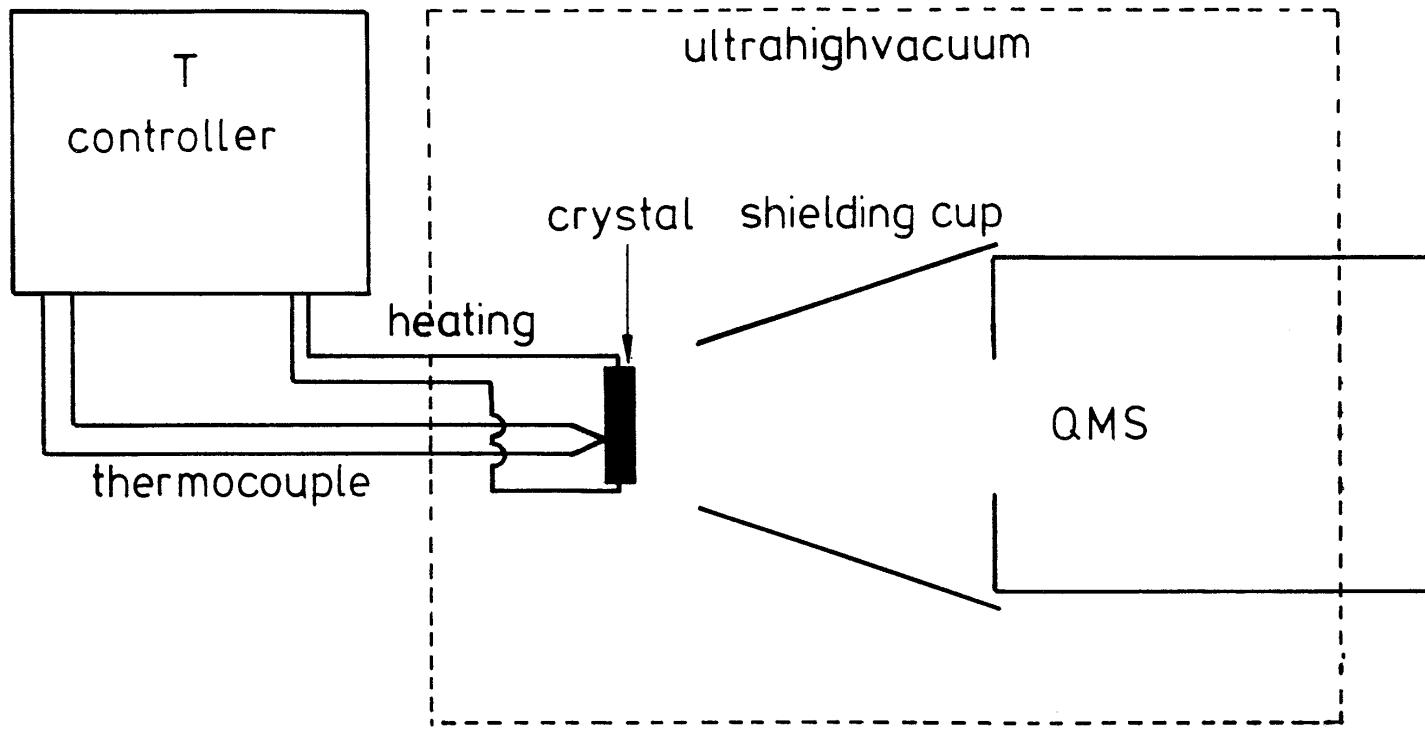
Adsorption Isotherms

after Langmuir



Thermal Desorption Spectroscopy

Experimental Setups



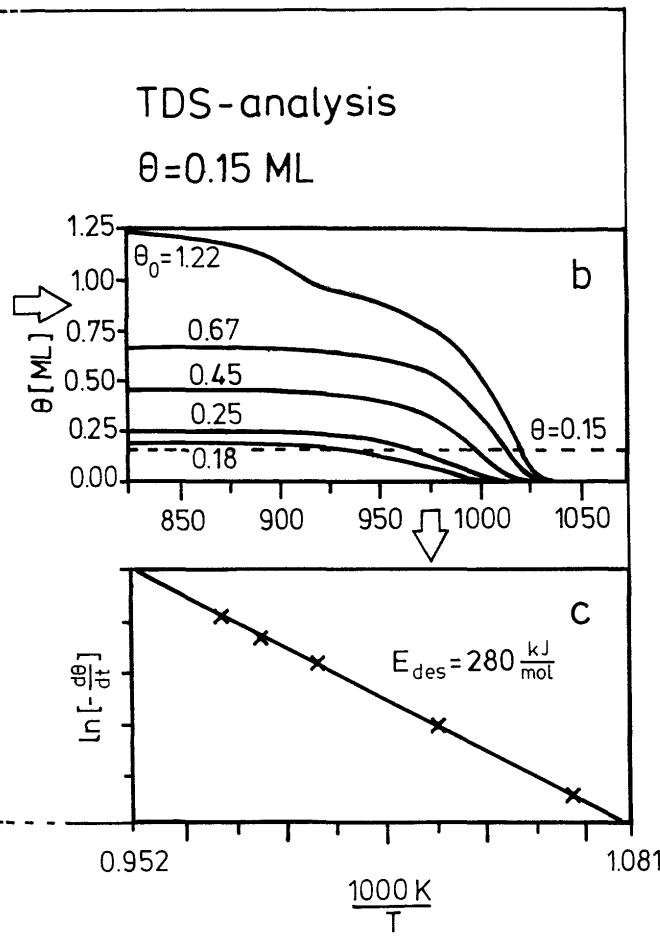
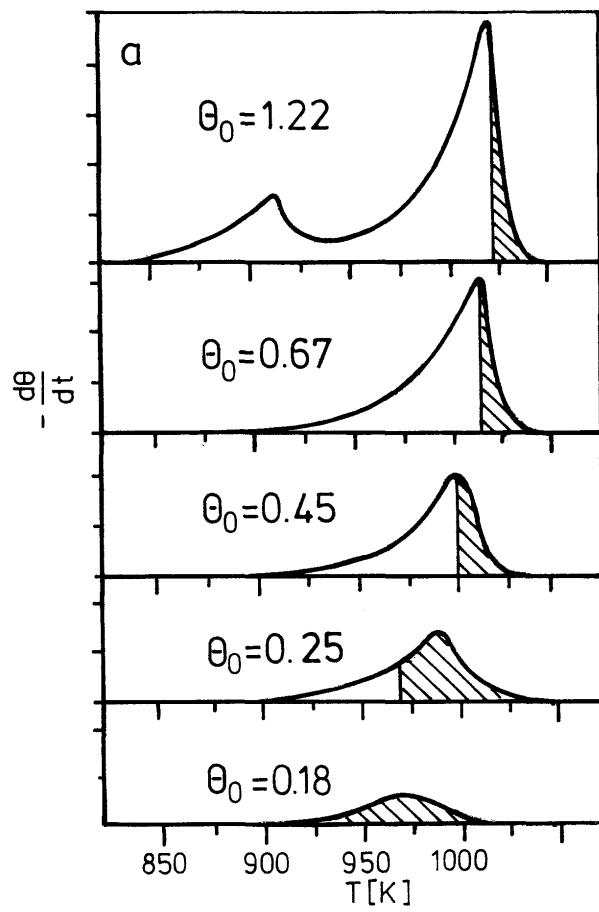
$$r_{des} = -\frac{d\Theta}{dt} = k_{des}\Theta^n = v(\Theta)\Theta^n \exp\left\{-\frac{E_{des}(\Theta)}{RT}\right\}$$

$$E_{des} = RT_{\max} \left[\ln(vT_{\max}/\beta) - 3.46 \right]$$

$$T = T_o + \beta t$$

Thermal Desorption Spectroscopy

Data Evaluation



Enthalpies of Adsorption

Adsorbate	Substrate	$q(\text{kJmo}^{-1})$		Remarks	Adsorbate	Substrate	$q(\text{kJmo}^{-1})$		Remarks
CO	Ni(111)	111	(±5)	WF ^[1]		Fe(111)	100		(not dissociative)
		130		Microcalorimetry	CO/K	Ni(100)	190		Microcalorimetry
	Ni(100)	125	(0±5)	WF	CO ₂	Fe	300		195 K (dissociative)
		115		TDS ^[2]	H ₂	Ni(100)	96.3	(±5)	WF
		119		TDS		Ni(110)	90.0	(±5)	WF
		138		TDS		Ni(111)	96.3	(±5)	WF
		109		isosteric E_{ad}			85	(±5)	
		123		isosteric E_{ad}		Ni	75...176		
		130		isosteric E_{ad}		Pd(111)	88	(±5)	WF
		134		isosteric E_{ad}		Pd(110)	103	(±5)	WF
		123		Microcalorimetry		Pd(100)	102	(±5)	WF
	Ni(110)	133		Microcalorimetry		Rh(110)	92	(±5)	WF, TDS
	Pd(100)	150	(±5)	WF		Ru(1010)	80	(±5)	
		161	(±8)	WF, TDS, LEED		Co(1010)	80	(±5)	
	Pd(111)	142	(±3)	WF		Ta	188.1		
	Ru(0001)	160	(±10)	WF		W	188.1		
	Ru(1010)	157	(±10)	Contact-pot., TDS		Cr	188.1		
	Cu(106)	58	(±10)	WF		Fe	133.8		
	Fe(111)	325		273 K (dissociative)		Fe	100		dissociative (273 K)
	Fe(111)	200		195 K (partially diss.)		Fe	97	(±3)	

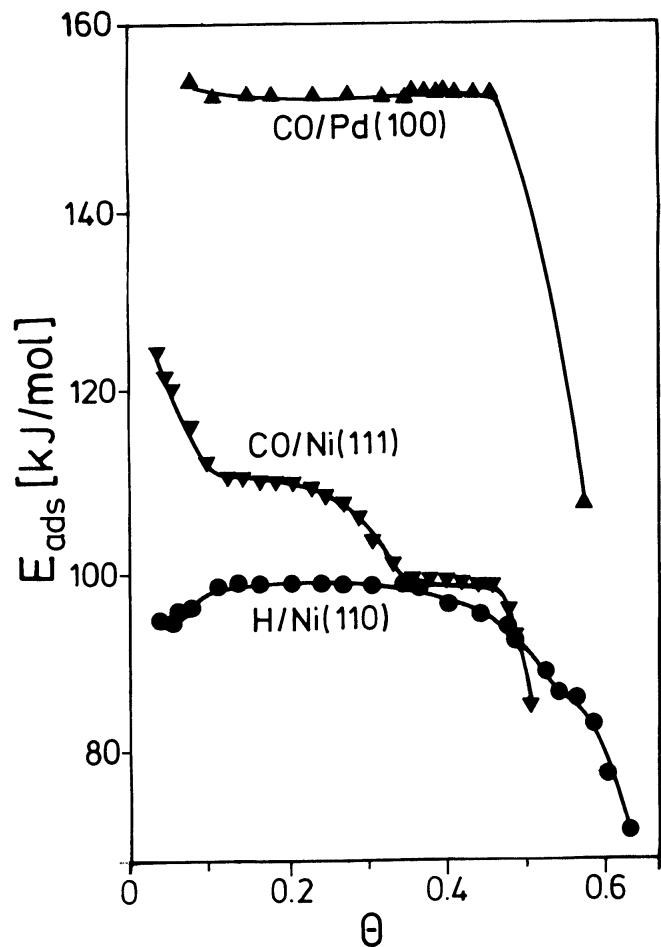
^[1] WF, work function; ^[2] TDS, thermal desorption spectroscopy

Enthalpies of Adsorption

Adsorbate	Substrate	$q(\text{kJmol}^{-1})$		Remarks
	Pd	80/96		
Na	W	133.8		
Cs		267.5		
O	Ni(100)	532	(±5)	IR (300K)
	Pd	80/96		
		≈ 432		IR (100 K)
		532	(±5)	
	Ni(l11)	470	(±15)	
	Ni(110)	498	(±5)	
O ₂ /CO	Fe(111)	490		273 K

Heats of Adsorption

CO on Transition Metal Surfaces



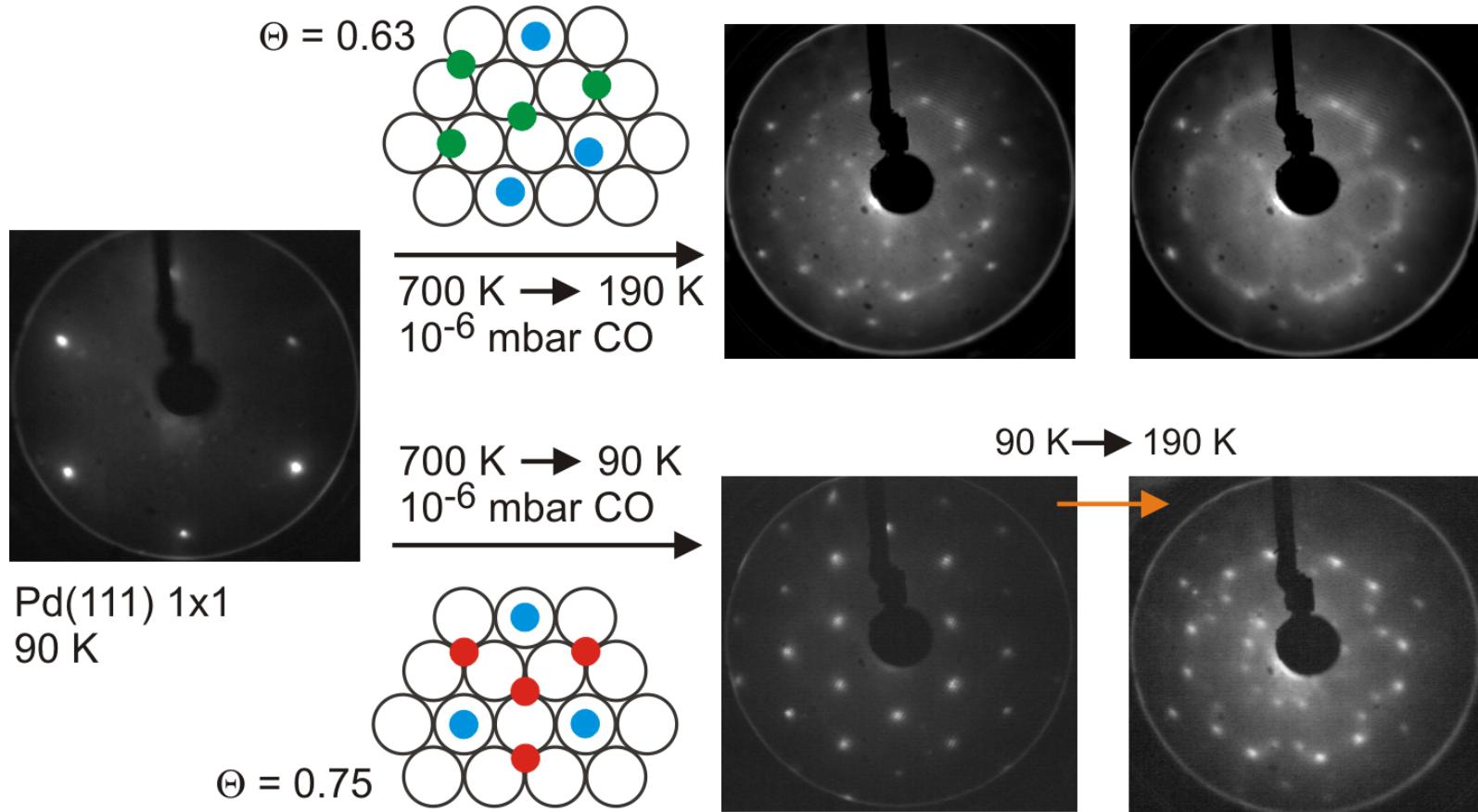
K. Christmann, *Introduction to Surface Physical Chemistry*,
Topics in Physical Chemistry, Vol. 1, Steinkopff Verlag,
Darmstadt, **1991**;

R.J. Behm, K. Christmann, G. Ertl, M.A. van Hove, *J. Chem. Phys.* **1980**, 73, 2984;

K. Christmann, O. Schober, G. Ertl, M. Neumann, *J. Chem. Phys.* **1974**, 60, 4528

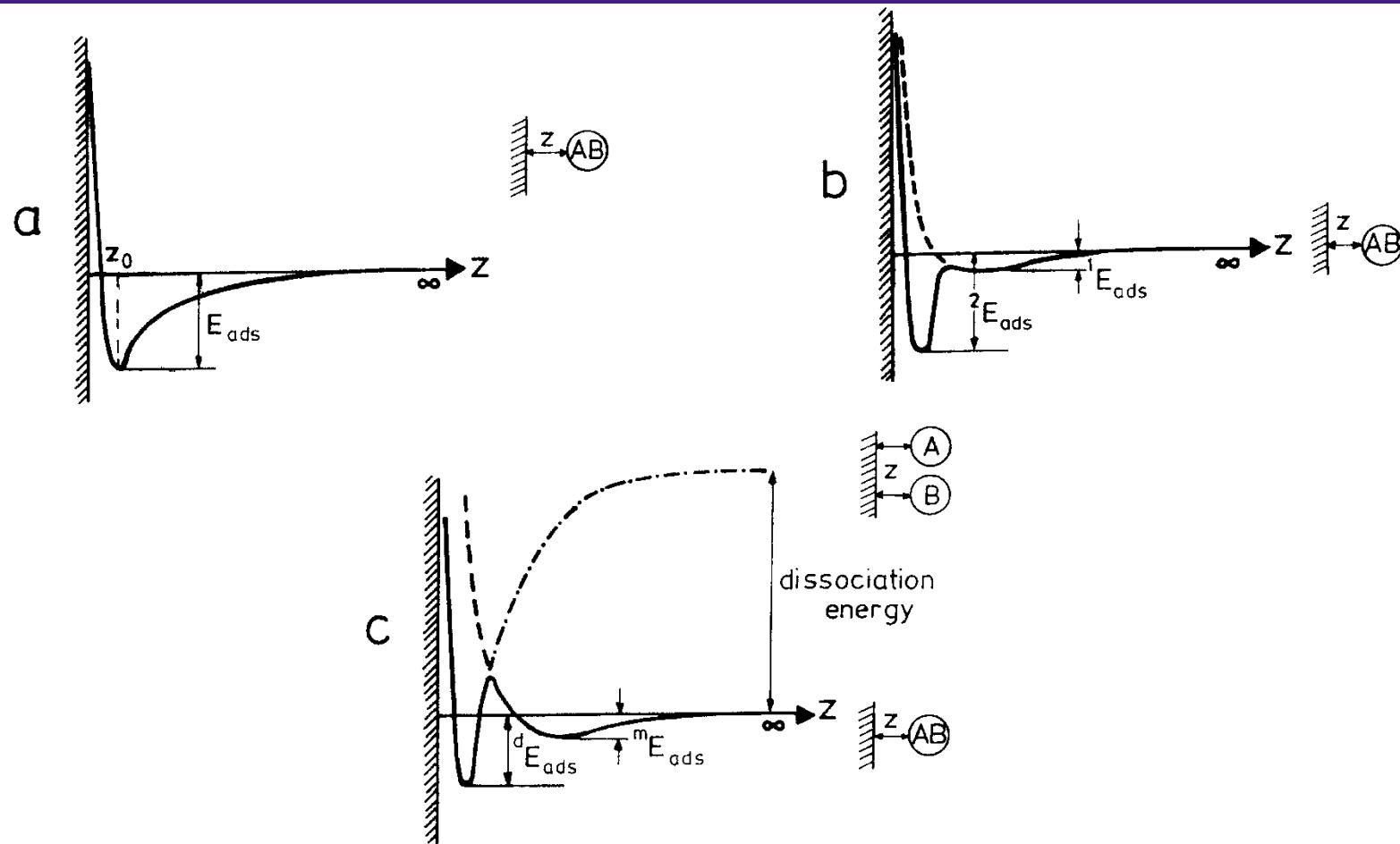
Adsorption under UHV Conditions

LEED Studies



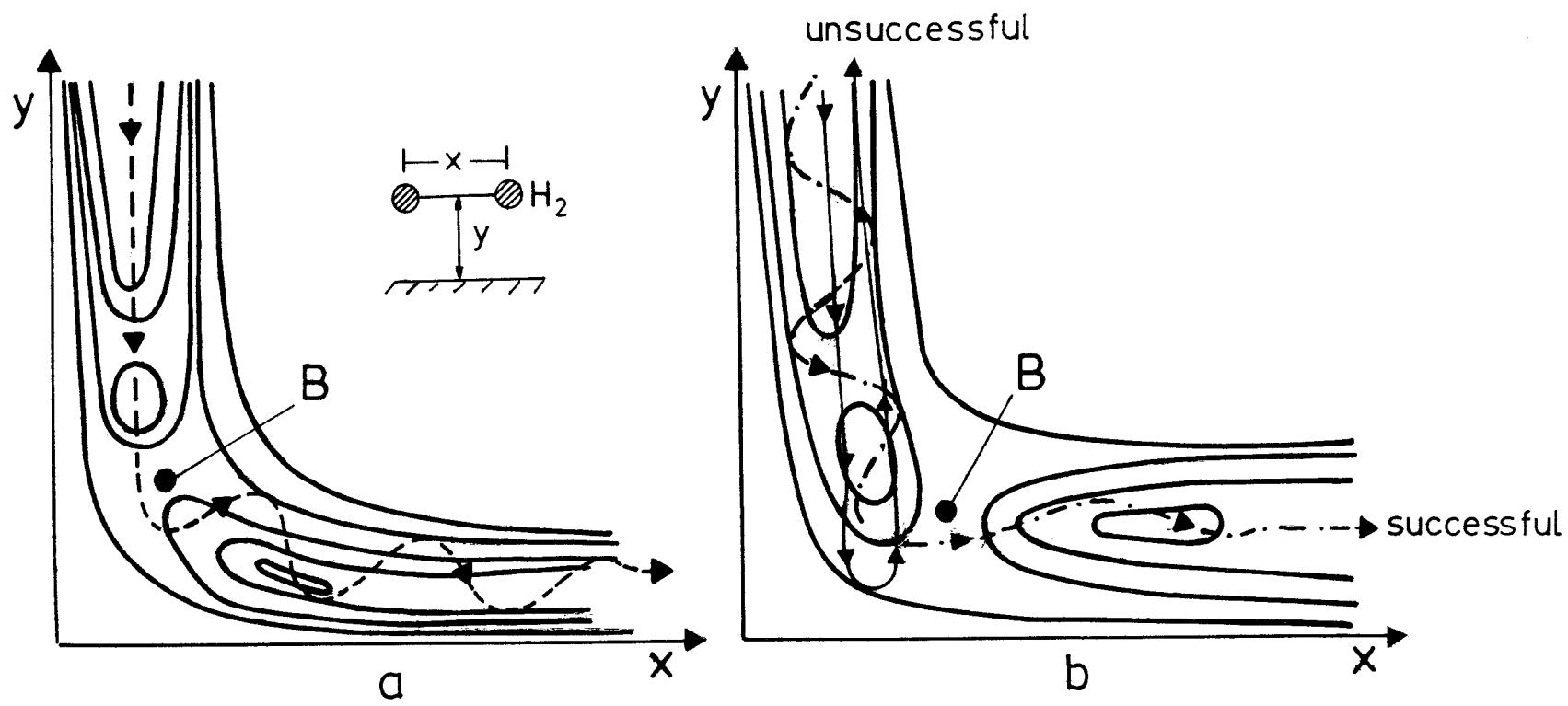
Model Potentials

One Dimensional



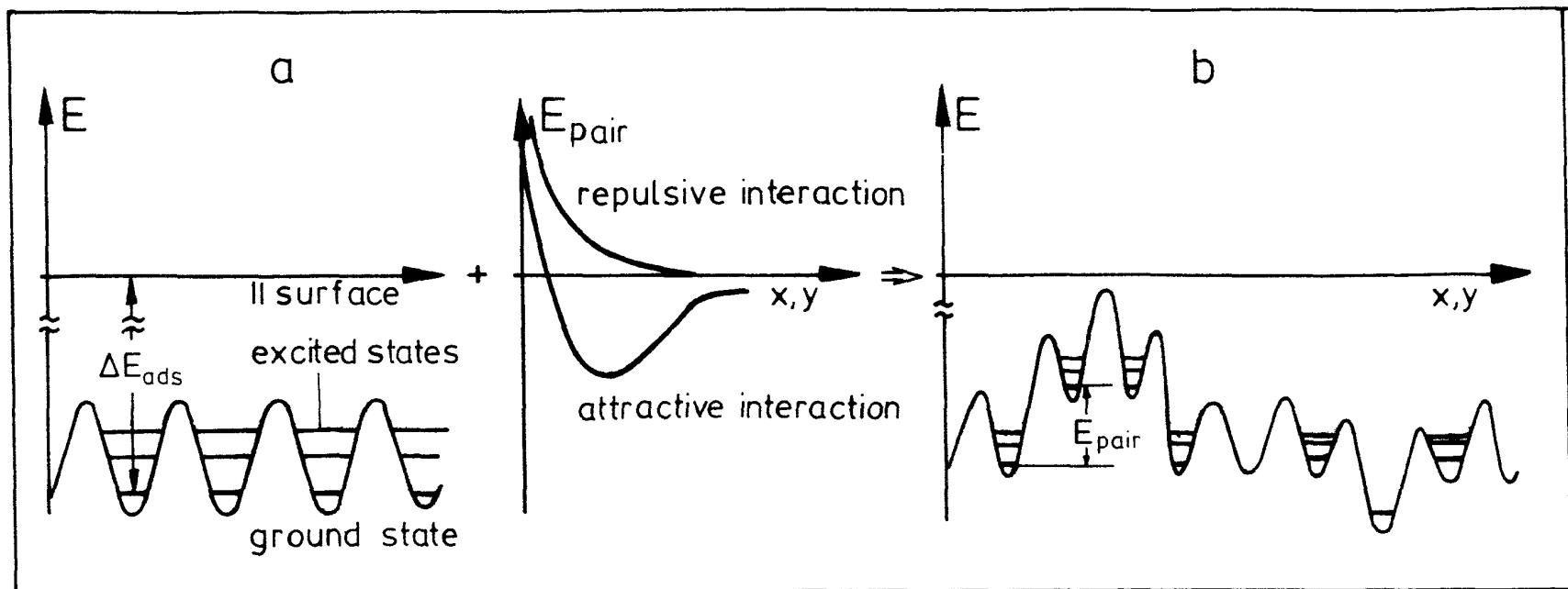
Model Potentials

Two Dimensional



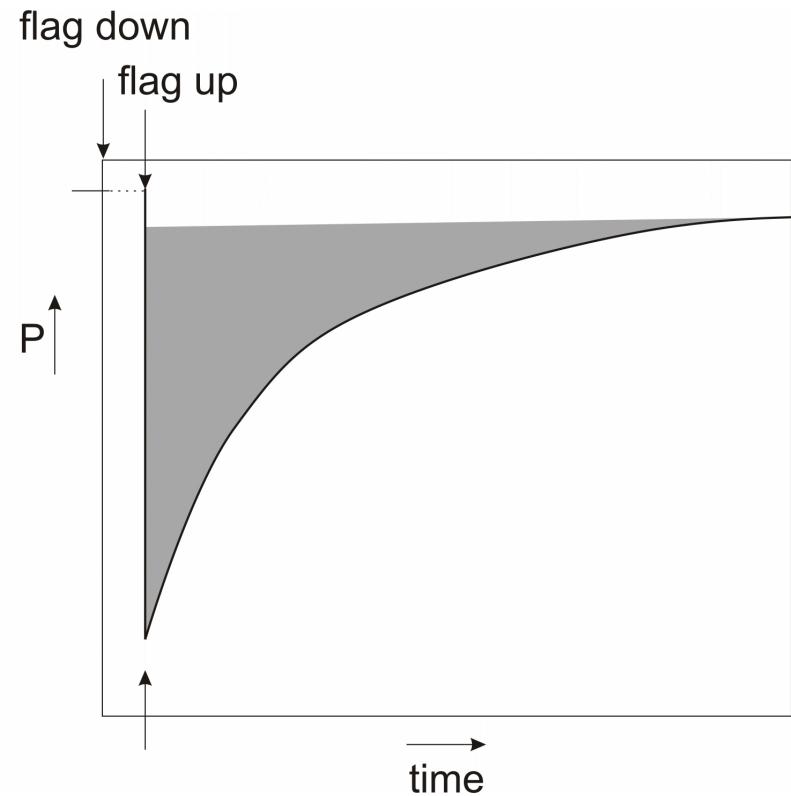
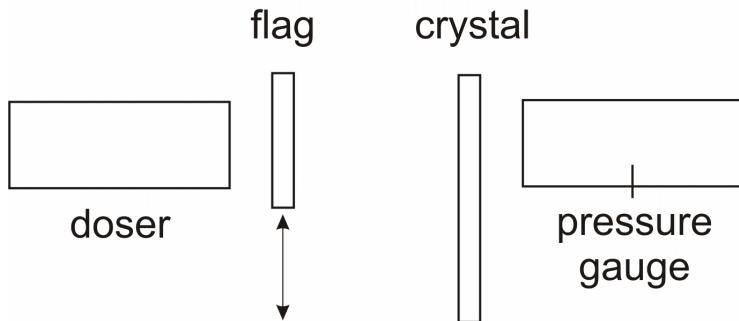
Model Potentials

Diffusion



Sticking Coefficient

after King & Wells



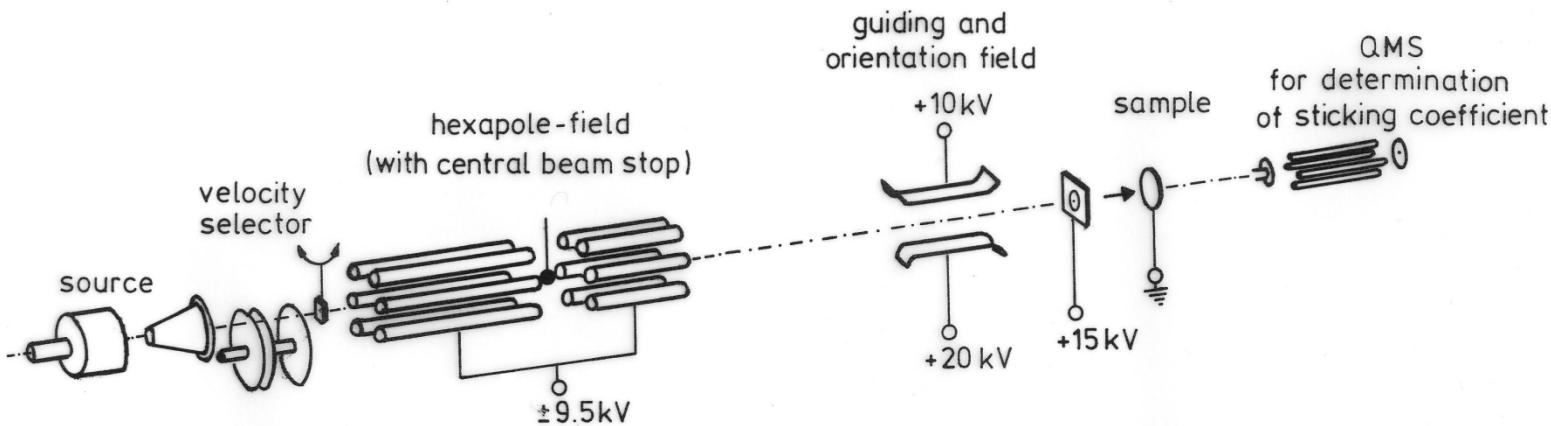
Initial Sticking Coefficients

Adsorbate	Substrate	Sticking coefficient	Remarks
H	Ni(100)	0.06	
	Ni(1 11)	≥ 0.01	
	Ni(110)	≈ 1	
		0.96	
	Pt(111)	0.1	
		≤ 0.0001	
	Rh(1 10)	≈ 1	
	Ru(10_1 0)	≈ 1	
	Co(10_1 0)	0.75 ($\pm 20\%$)	
	W(100)	1	
O	Cu(100)	0.03	300 K
	Ni(100)	1	
	Pt(111)	0.2	
CO	Ni(111)	1	
	Ni(110)	0.89	

Adsorbate	Substrate	Sticking coefficient	Remarks
	Pd(100)	0.6	
	Pd(111)	0.96	
	Ru(10_1 0)	1	
	Pt(111)	1	
N	W(100)	0.2-0.6	
	W(110)	$1-5 \times 10^{-3}$	$\beta\text{-N}_2$
		0.22	$\gamma\text{-N}_z$
	W(111)	0.08	
N_2	Fe(100)	$10^{-6}-10^{-7}$	
	Fe(111)	$10^{-6}-10^{-7}$	
	Fe(1 11) > (100) > (110)	$10^{-6}-10^{-8}$	

Adsorption of oriented Molecules

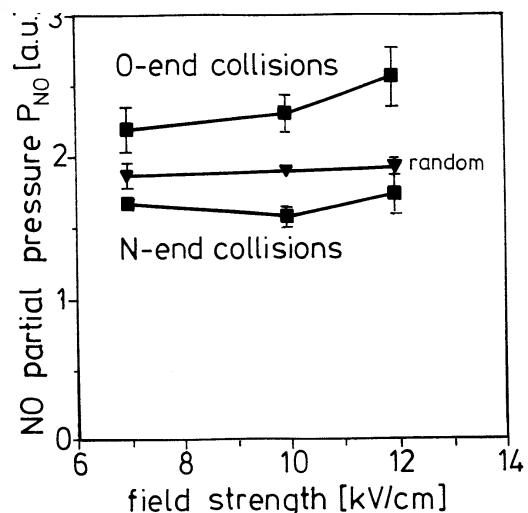
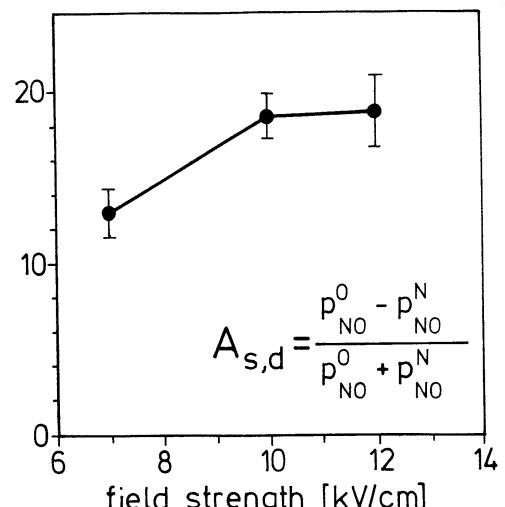
Experimental Setup



G.H. Fecher, N. Bowering, M. Volkmer, B. Pawlitzky, U. Heinzmann, *Surf. Sci.* **1990**, 230, L169

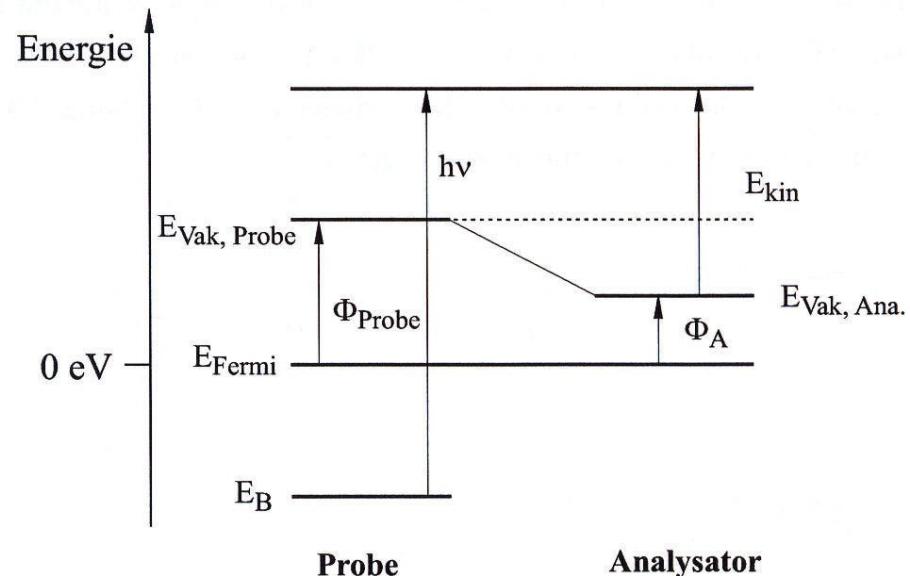
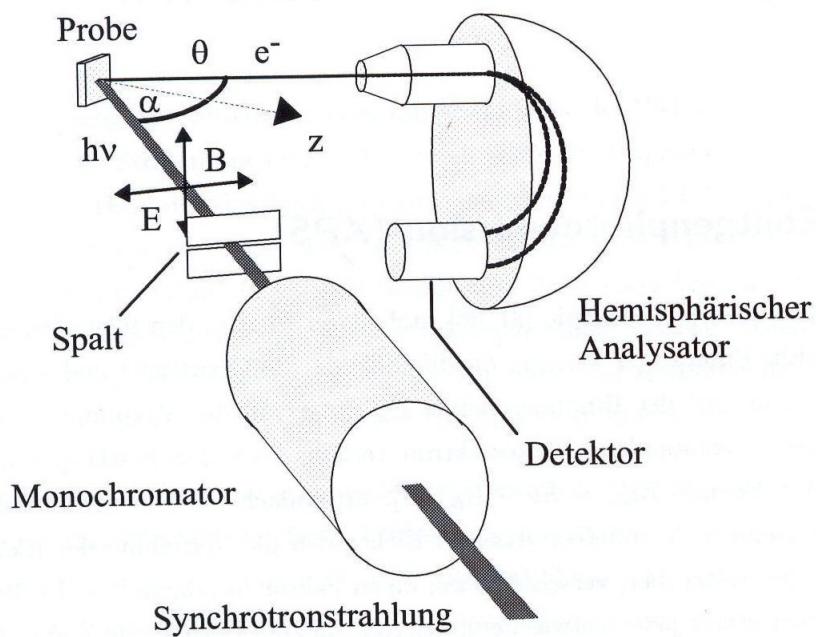
H. Muller, B. Dierks, F. Hamza, G. Zagatta, G.H. Fecher, N. Bowering, U. Heinzmann, *Surf. Sci.* **1992**, 270, 207;

H. Muller, G. Zagatta, N. Bowering, U. Heinzmann, *Chem. Phys. Lett.* **1994**, 223, 197



Photoemission

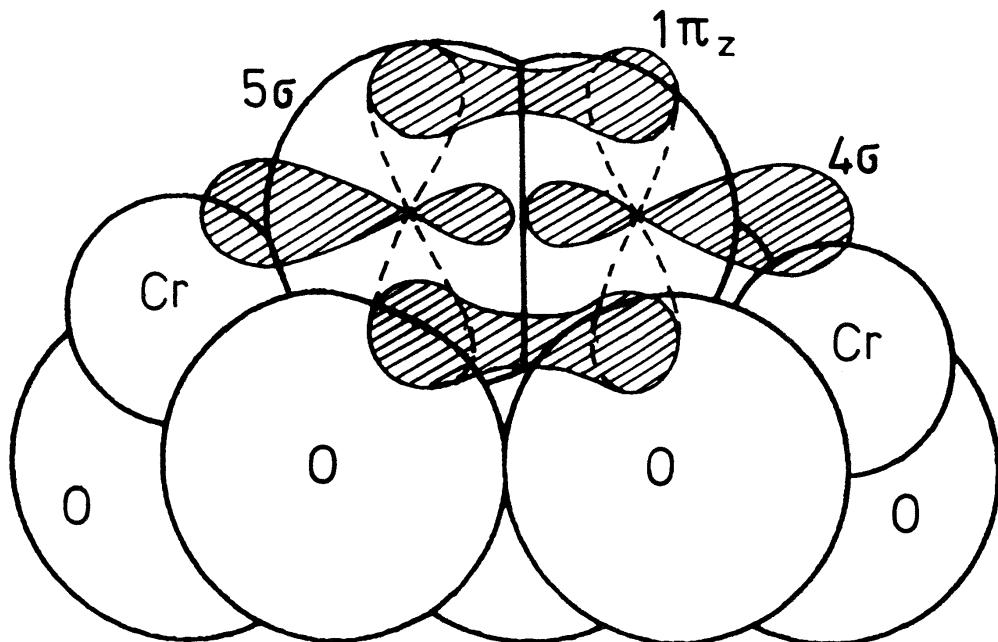
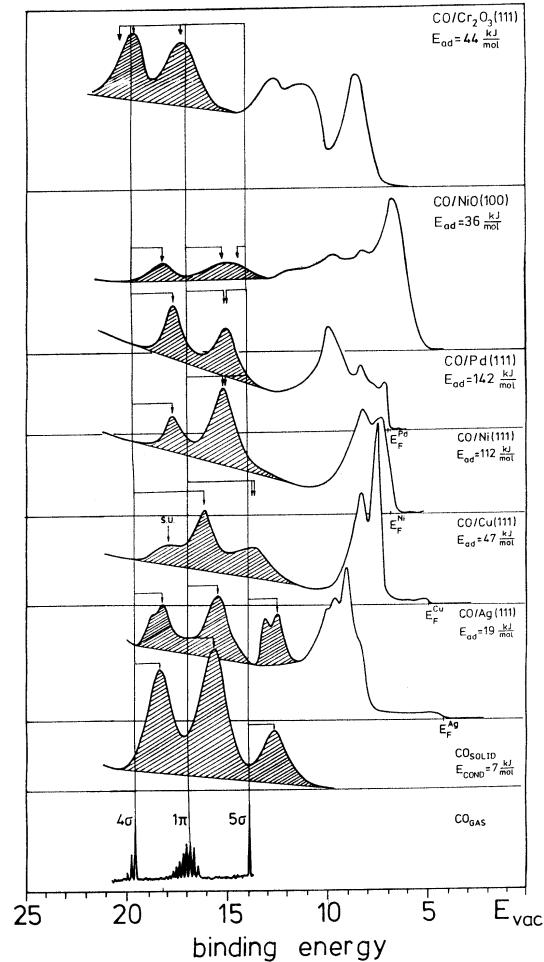
Principles



$$\hbar\omega = E_{\text{kin}} - E_B$$

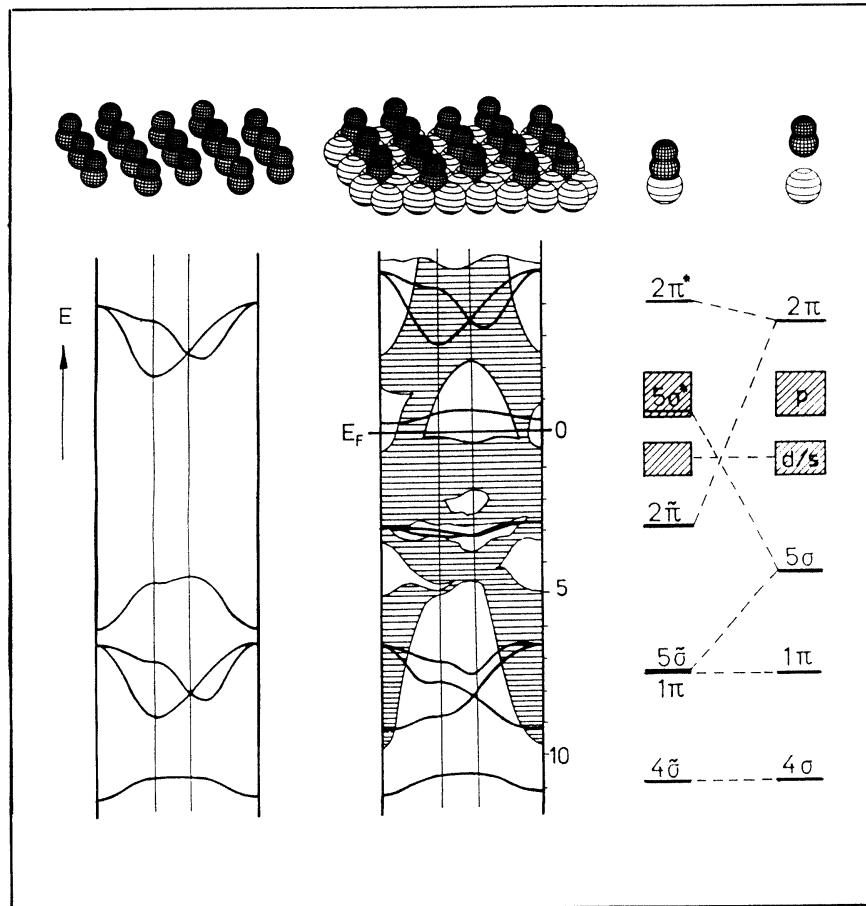
Electronic Structure

Photoelectron Spectroscopy



Ordered Adsorbate Layers

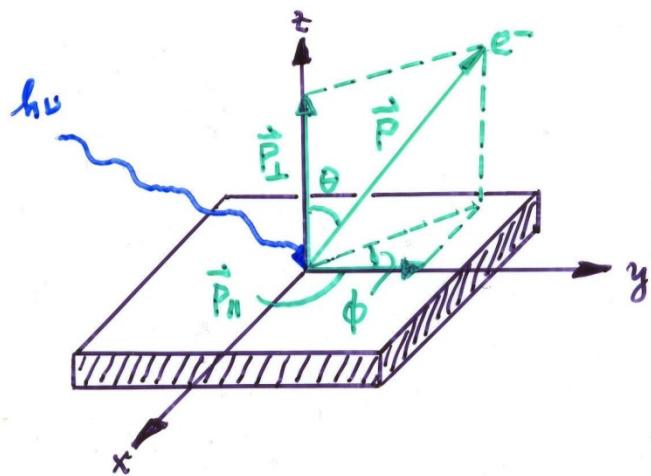
Formation of Two-dimensional Band-structures



Photoemission

Principle of Bandstructure Measurement

Angle resolved photoemission



$$\vec{p} = \vec{p}_{\parallel} + \vec{p}_{\perp}; \quad \vec{p}_{\parallel} = |\vec{p}| \cdot \sin \theta$$

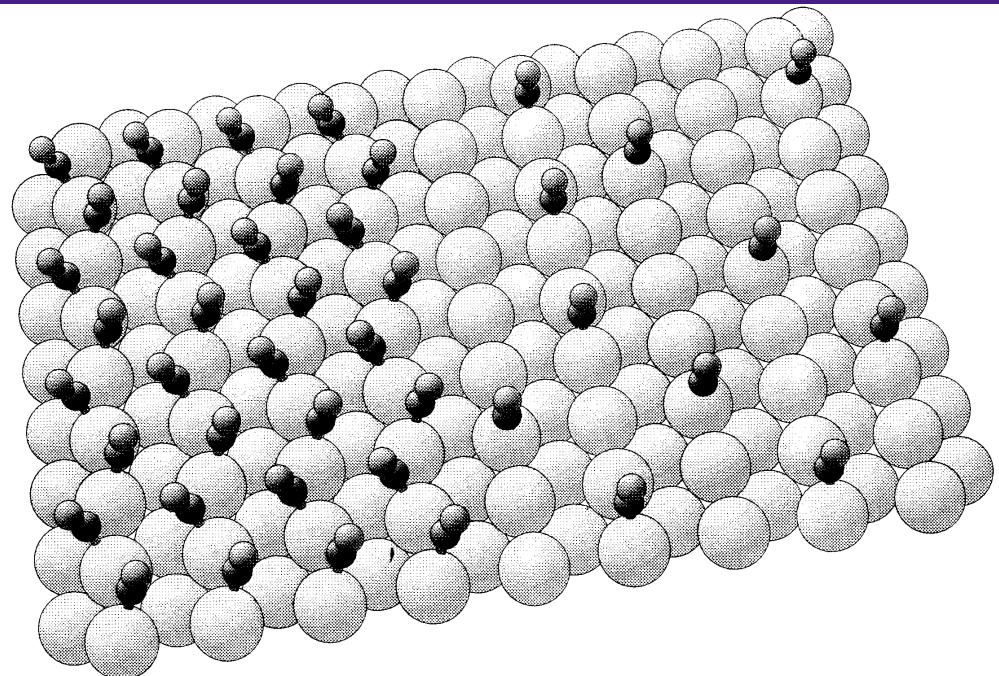
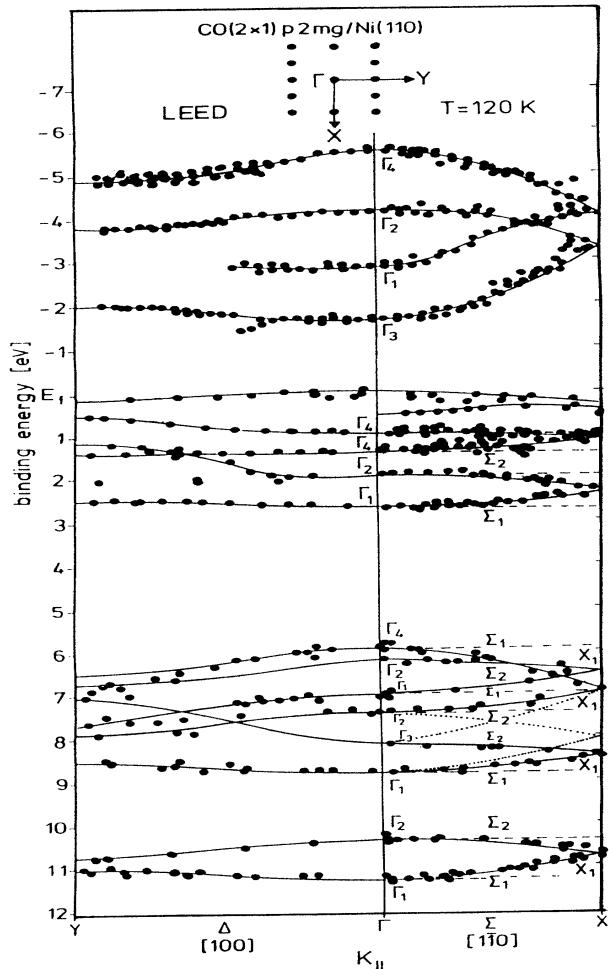
$$E_{\text{kin}} = \frac{\vec{p}^2}{2m}$$
$$\vec{p} = t \vec{k}$$

$$k_{\parallel} = \left(\frac{2m}{t^2} E_{\text{kin}} \right)^{1/2} \sin \theta$$

k_{\parallel} is conserved

Intermolecular Interaction at Surfaces

Two-dimensional band structure CO_{p 2mg}/Ni(110)

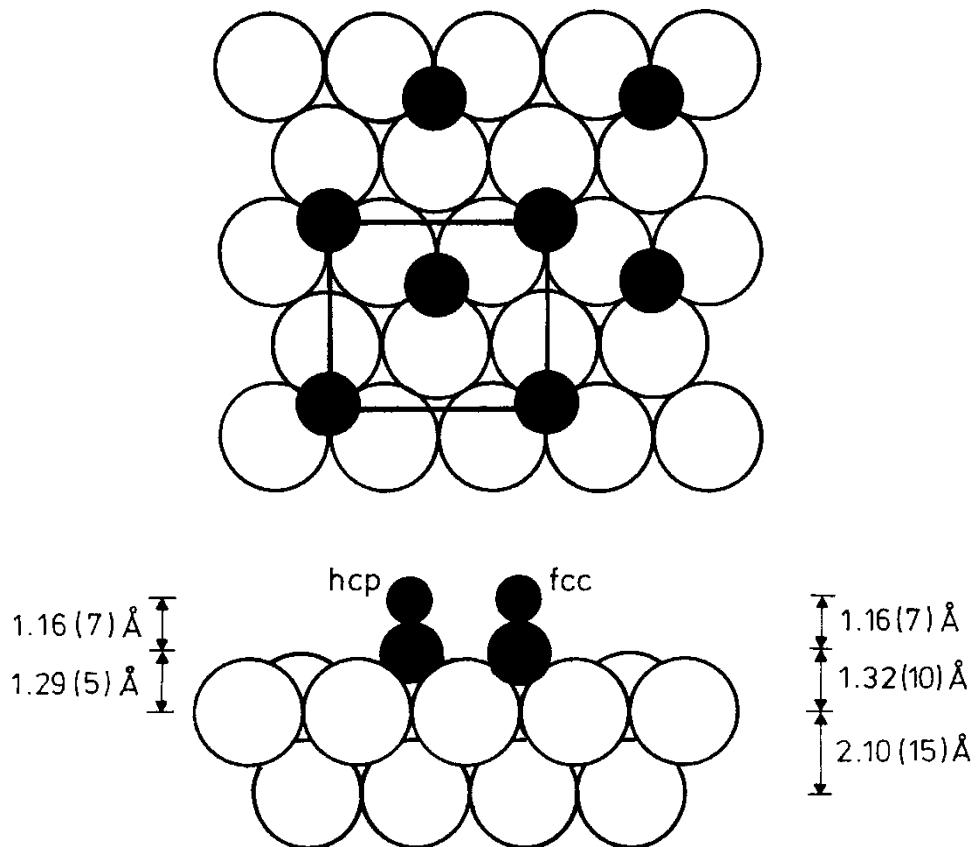
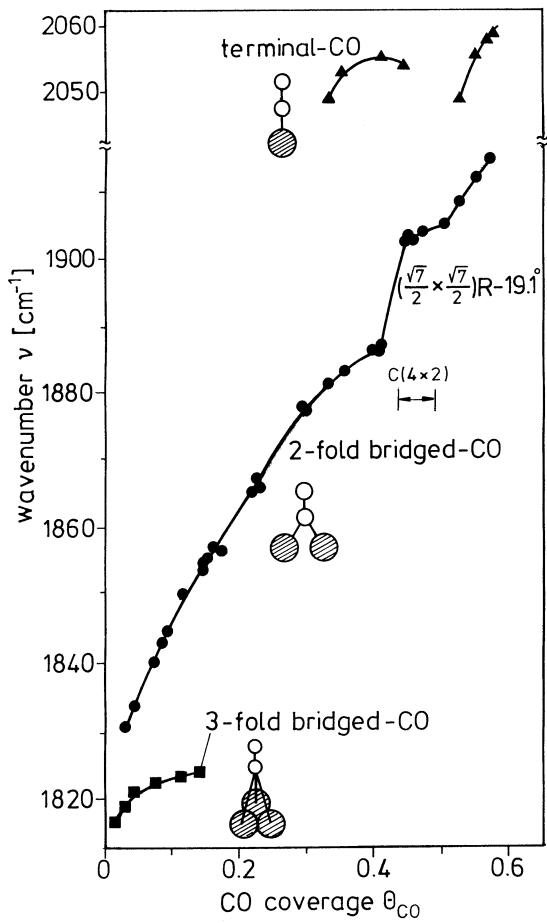


H. Kuhlenbeck, H.B. Saalfeld, U. Buskotte, M. Neumann, H.J. Freund,
E.W. Plummer, *Phys. Rev. B* **1989**, 39, 3475;

N. Memmel, G. Rangelov, E. Bertel, V. Dose, K. Komter, N. Roesch,
Phys. Rev. Lett. **1989**, 63, 1884

Determination of Adsorption Size

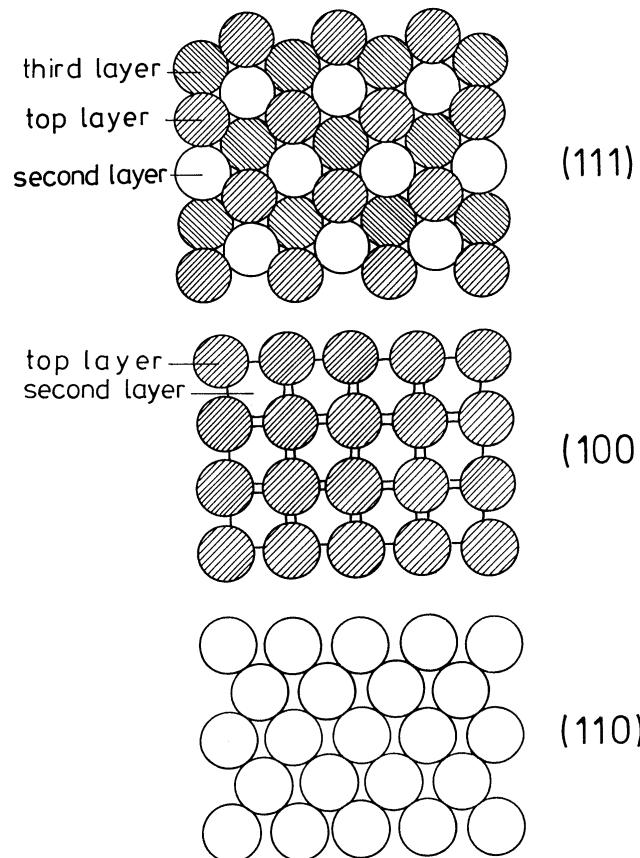
Vibrational Spectroscopy CO/Ni(111)



K.M. Schindler, P. Hofmann, V. Fritzsche, S. Bao, S. Kulkarni, A.M. Bradshaw, D.P. Woodruff, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **1993**, 71, 205

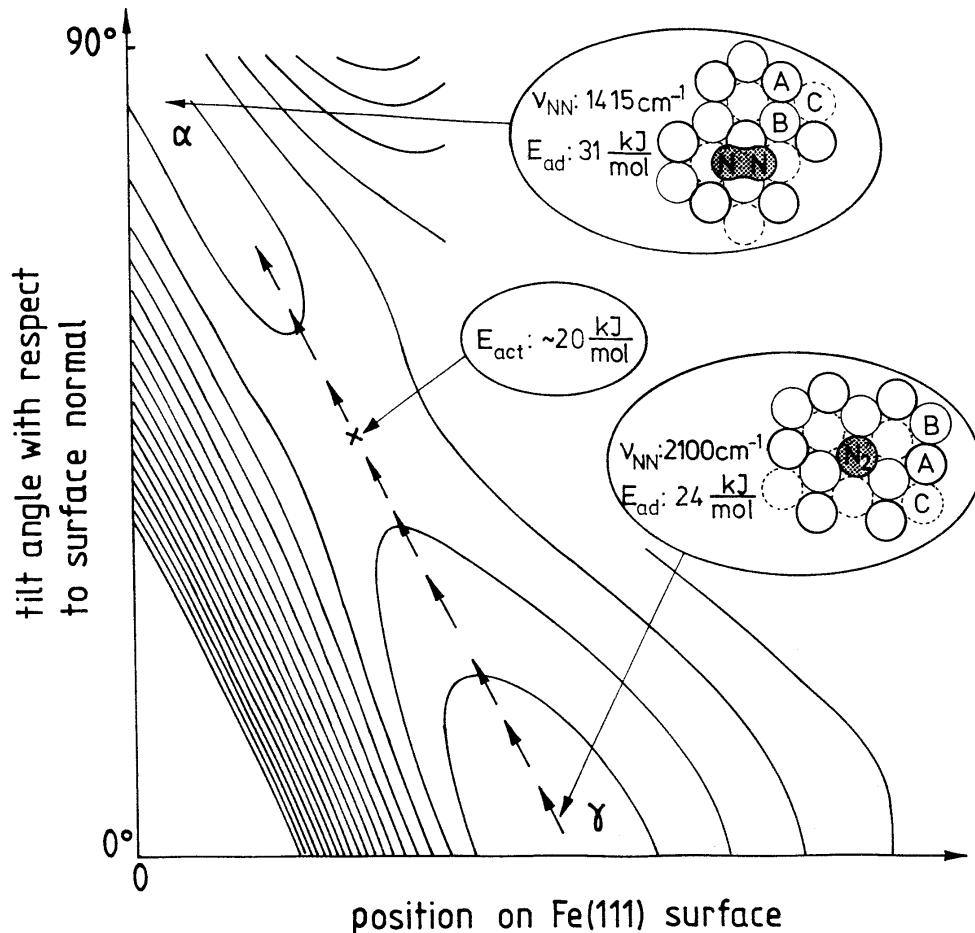
Surface Structure

bcc(hkl)



Model Potential

N₂/Fe(111)



M. Grunze, M. Golze, W. Hirschwald, H.J. Freund, H. Pulm, U. Seip, M.C. Tsai, G. Ertl, J. Kuppers, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **1984**, 53, 85;

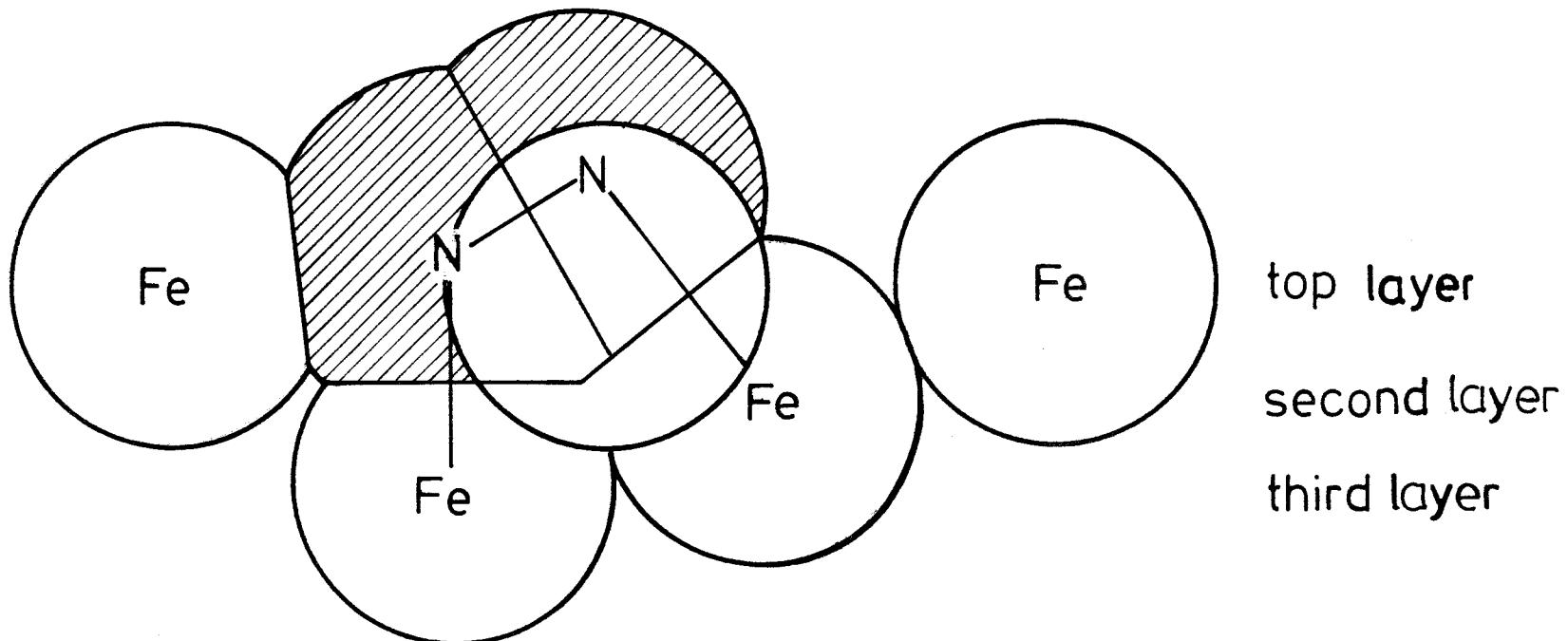
M.C. Tsai, U. Seip, I.C. Bassignana, J. Kuppers, G. Ertl, *Surf. Sci.* **1985**, 155, 387.

L.J. Whitman, C.E. Bartosch, W. Ho, G. Strasser, M. Grunze, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **1986**, 56, 1984.

D. Tomanek, K.H. Bennemann, *Phys. Rev. B* **1985**, 31, 2488

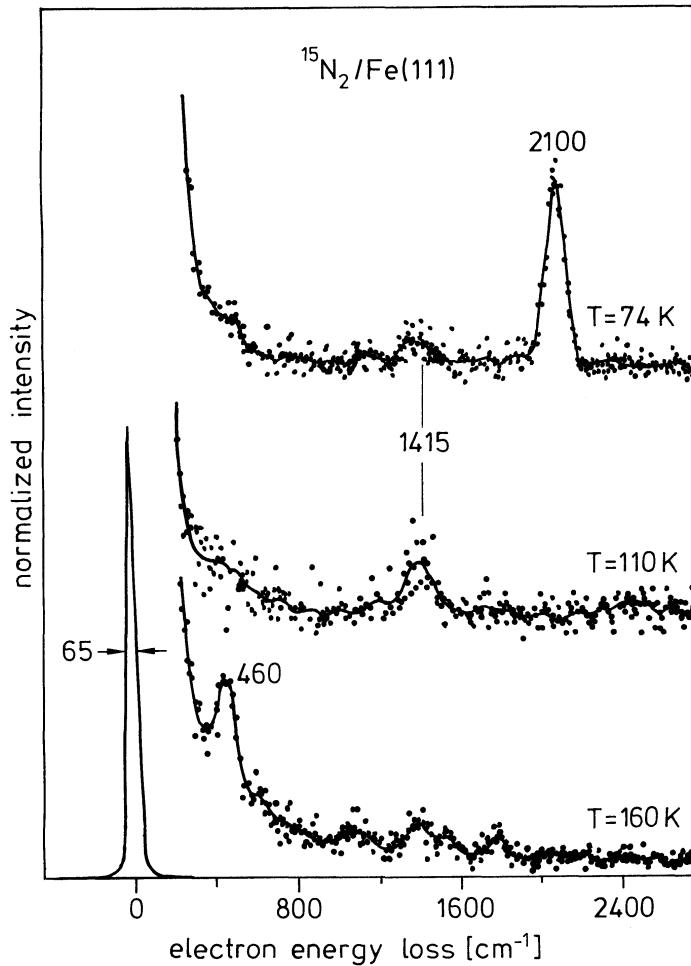
Adsorbate Structure

$N_2/Fe(111)$



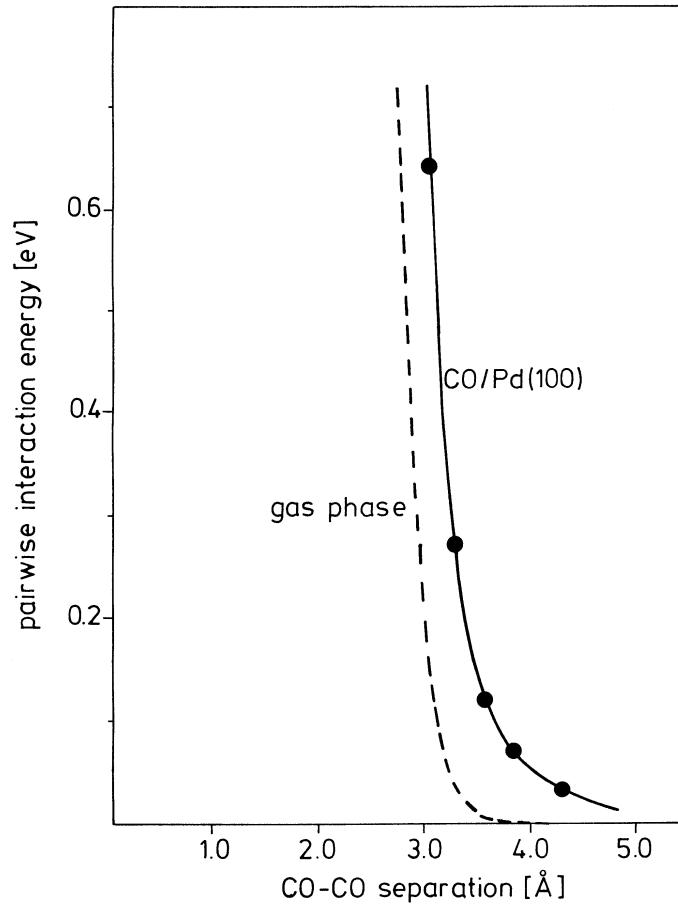
Vibrational Spectroscopy (EELS)

$\text{N}_2/\text{Fe}(111)$



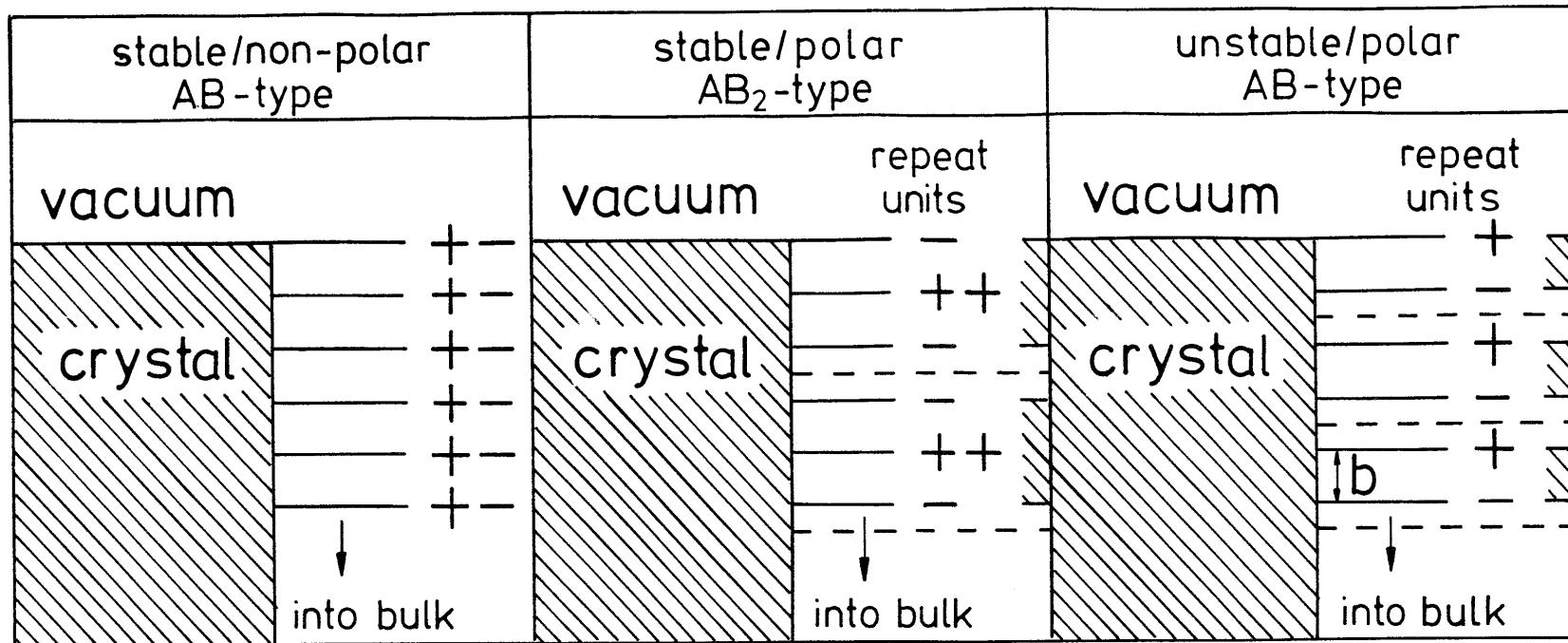
Thermonuclear Interaction

CO in Gas-phase and on Surface



Stability of Oxide Surfaces

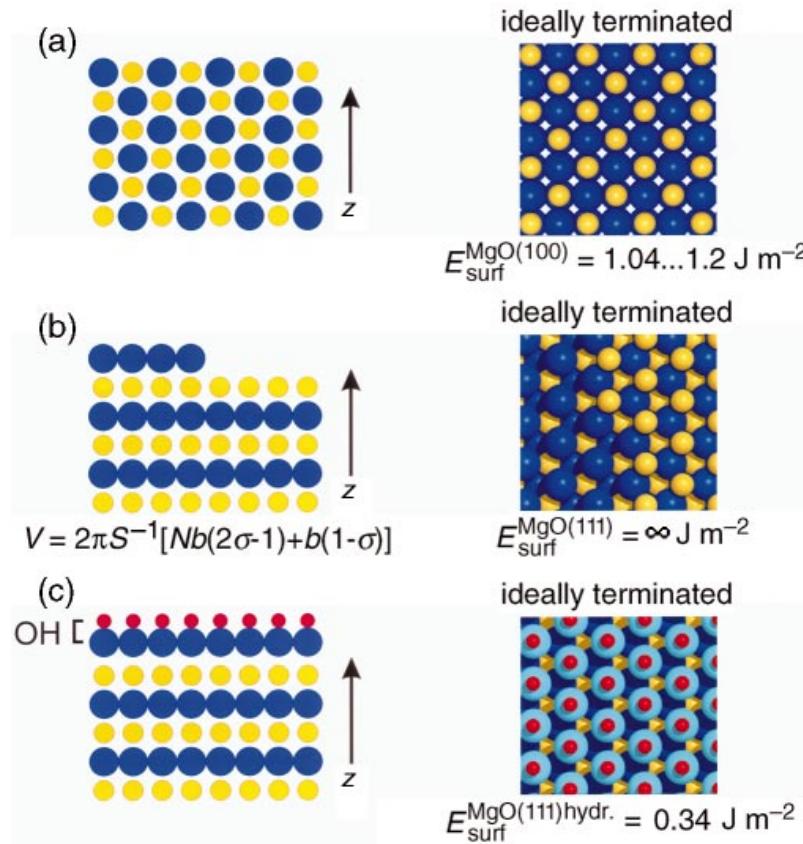
Electrostatic Considerations



$$V = \frac{2\pi}{S} [Nb(2\sigma - 1) + (1 - \sigma)b]$$

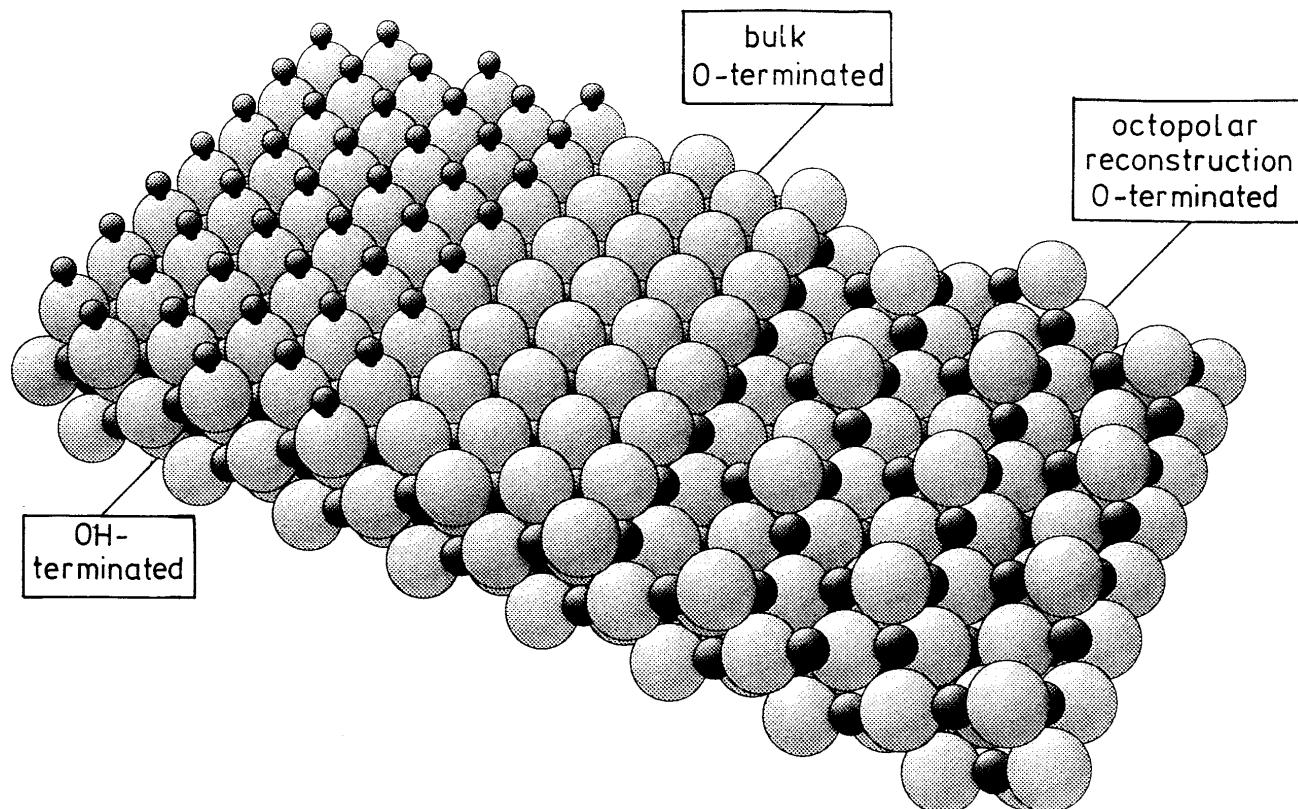
Oxide Surface Structure

Energy in AO(nkl) surfaces



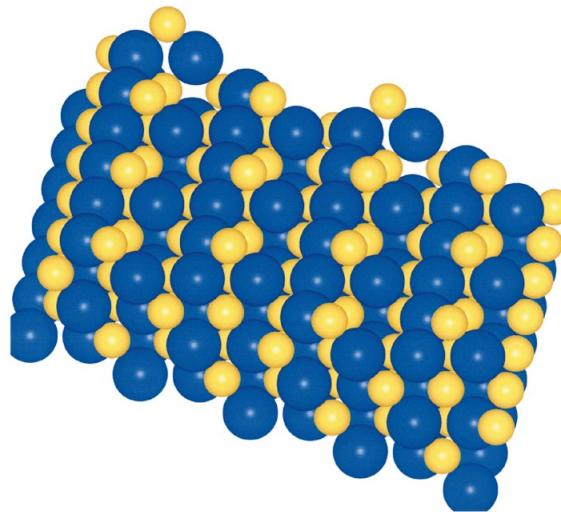
Stability of Oxide Surfaces

Corundum Type Surfaces



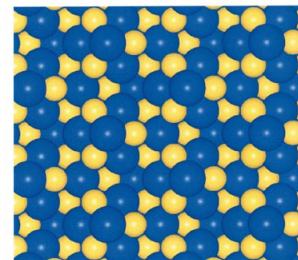
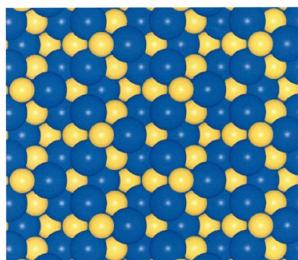
Oxide Surface Structure

Reconstruction of AO(111)



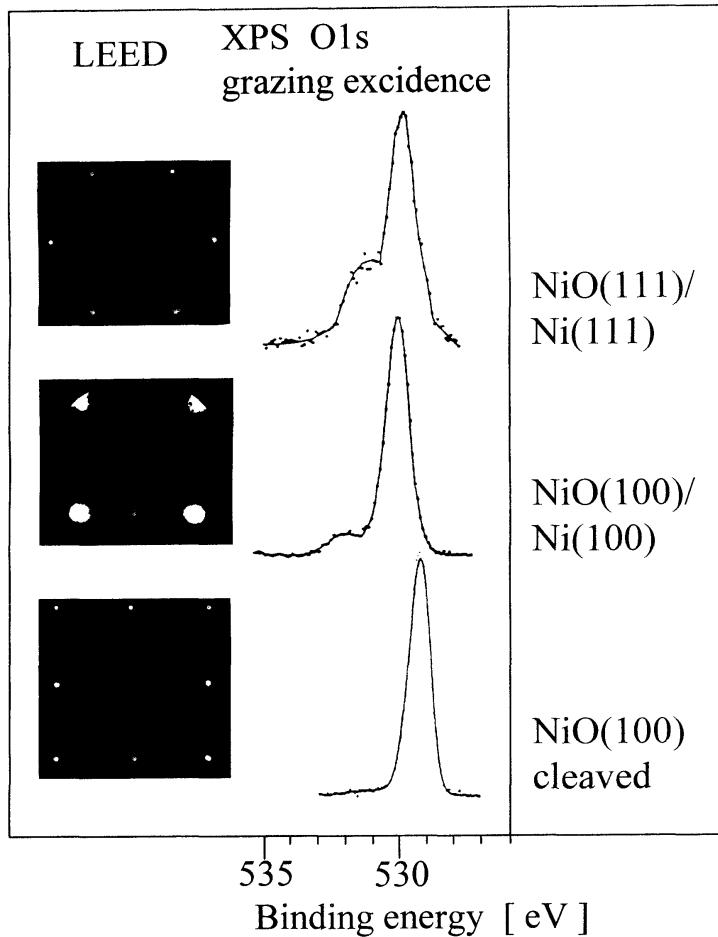
Me termination

O termination



Oxide Surface Preparation

Single Crystal vs. Thin Films

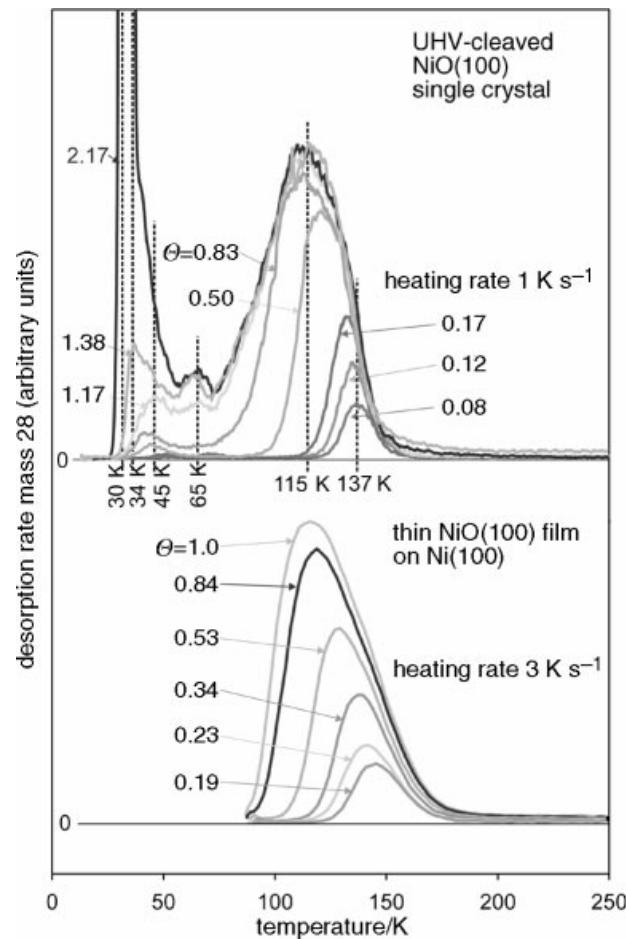


F. Rohr, K. Wirth, J. Libuda, D. Cappus, M. Bäumer,
H.-J. Freund, *Surf. Sci.* **1994**, 315, L977;

D. Cappus, M. Haßel, E. Neuhaus, M. Heber, F.
Rohr, H.-J. Freund, *Surf. Sci.* **1995**, 337, 268

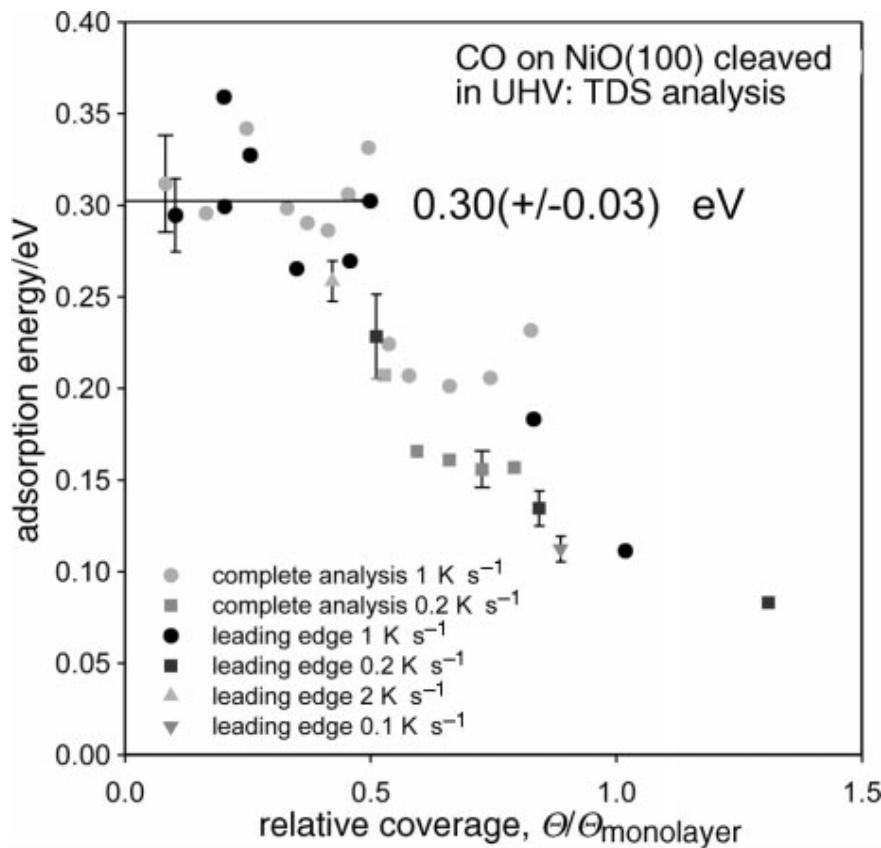
CO/NiO(100)

TDS comparison between bulk single crystals and thin films



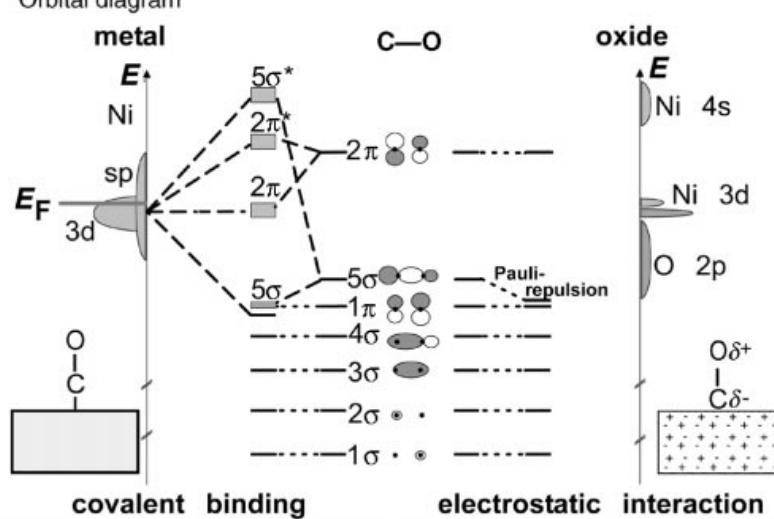
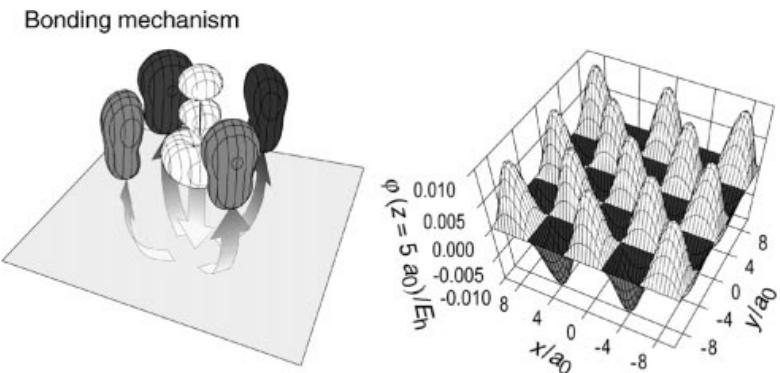
CO/NiO(100)

TDS coverage dependence



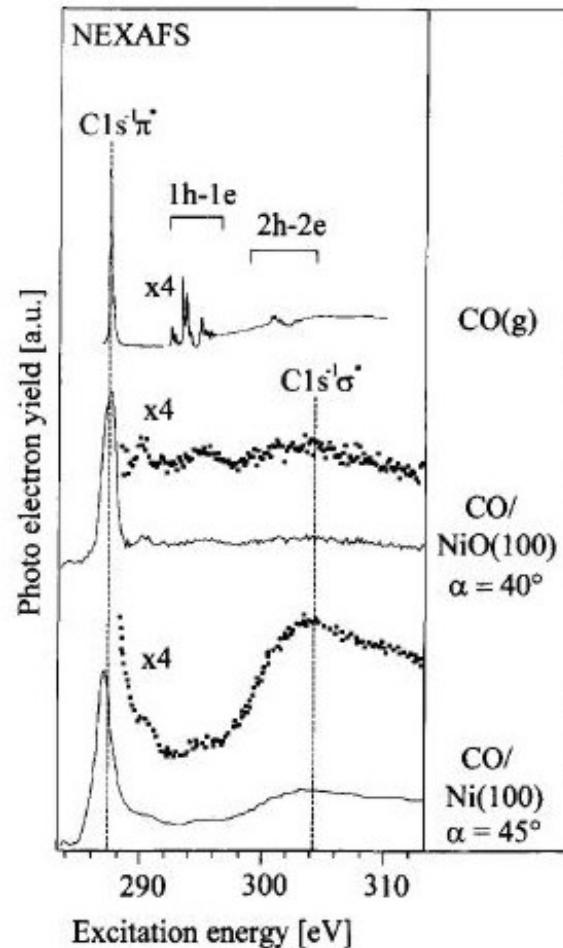
CO/Ni(100) vs. CO/NiO(100)

Bonding characteristics



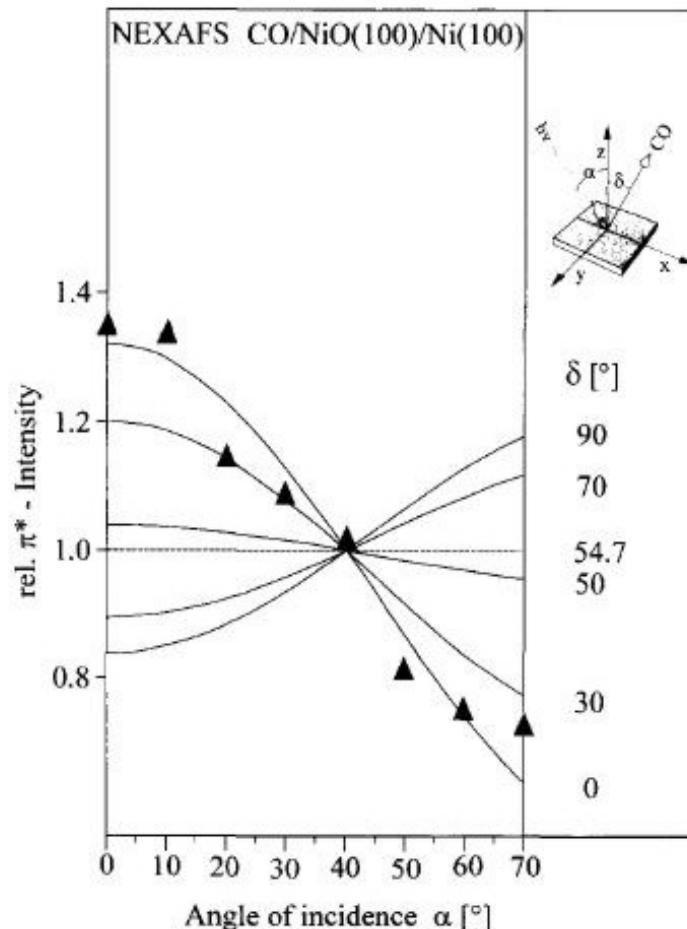
CO/NiO(100)

Comparison with CO/Ni(100) and free CO



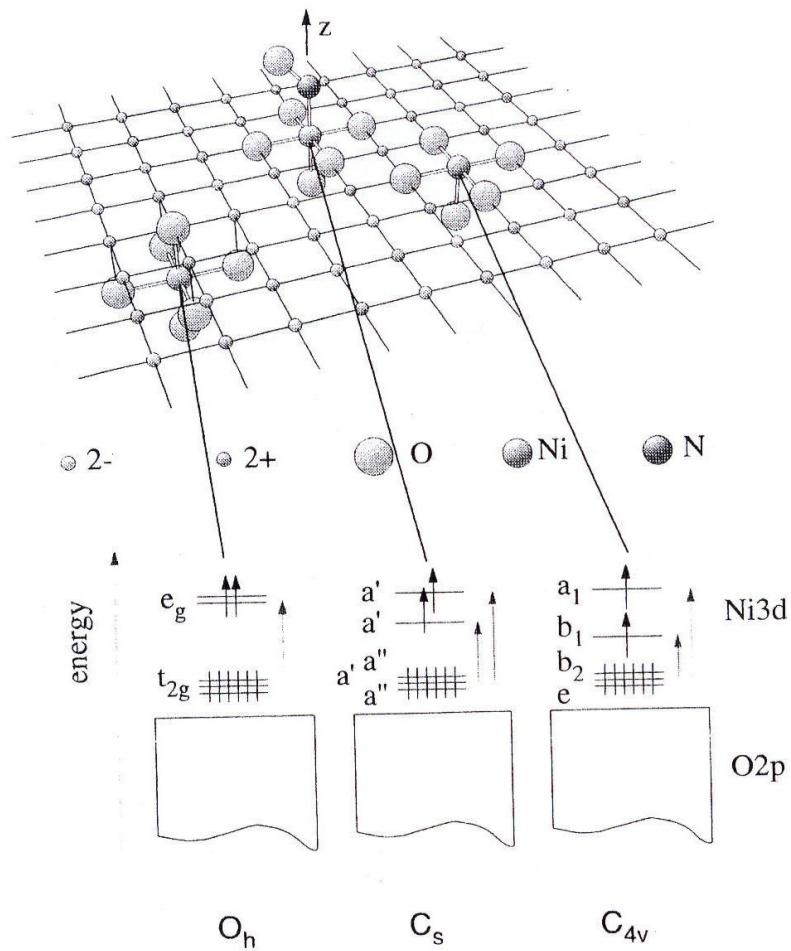
CO/NiO(100)

Angular dependent NEXAFS



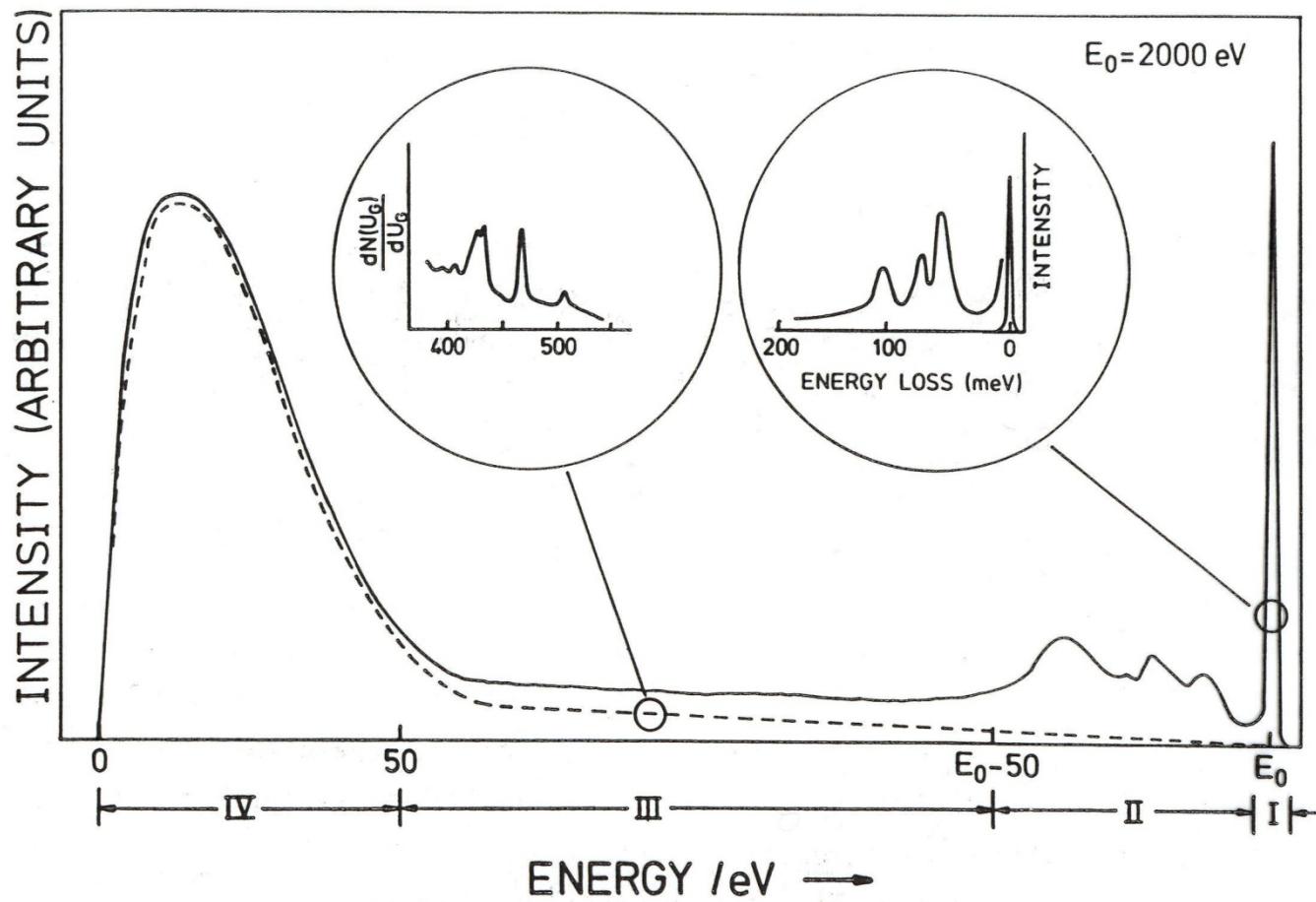
NiO(100)

d-derived surfaces states



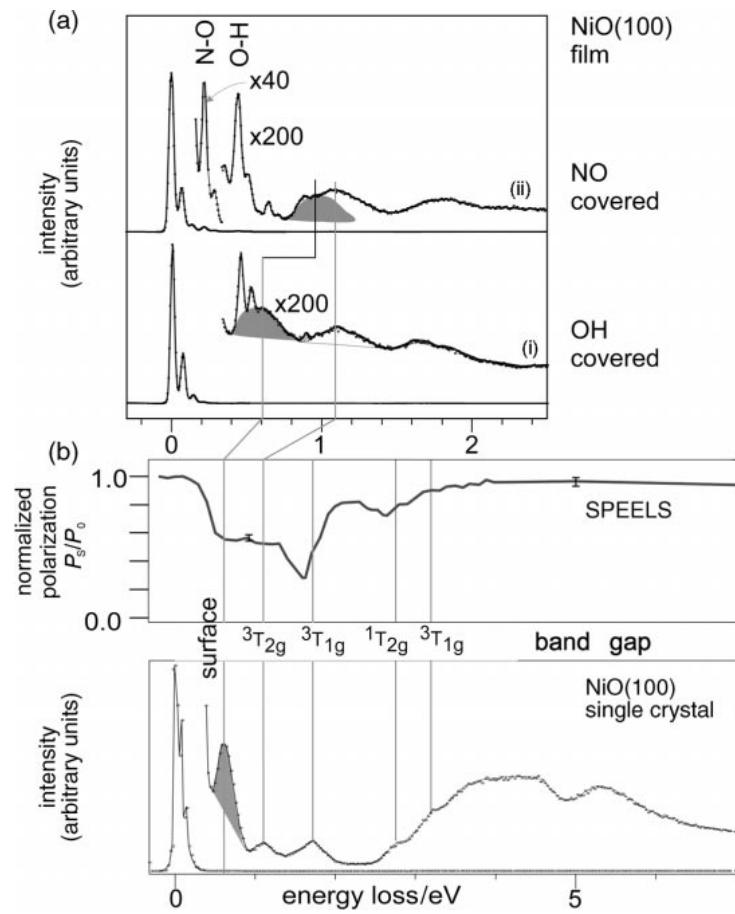
Electron Scattering

Loss Mechanisms



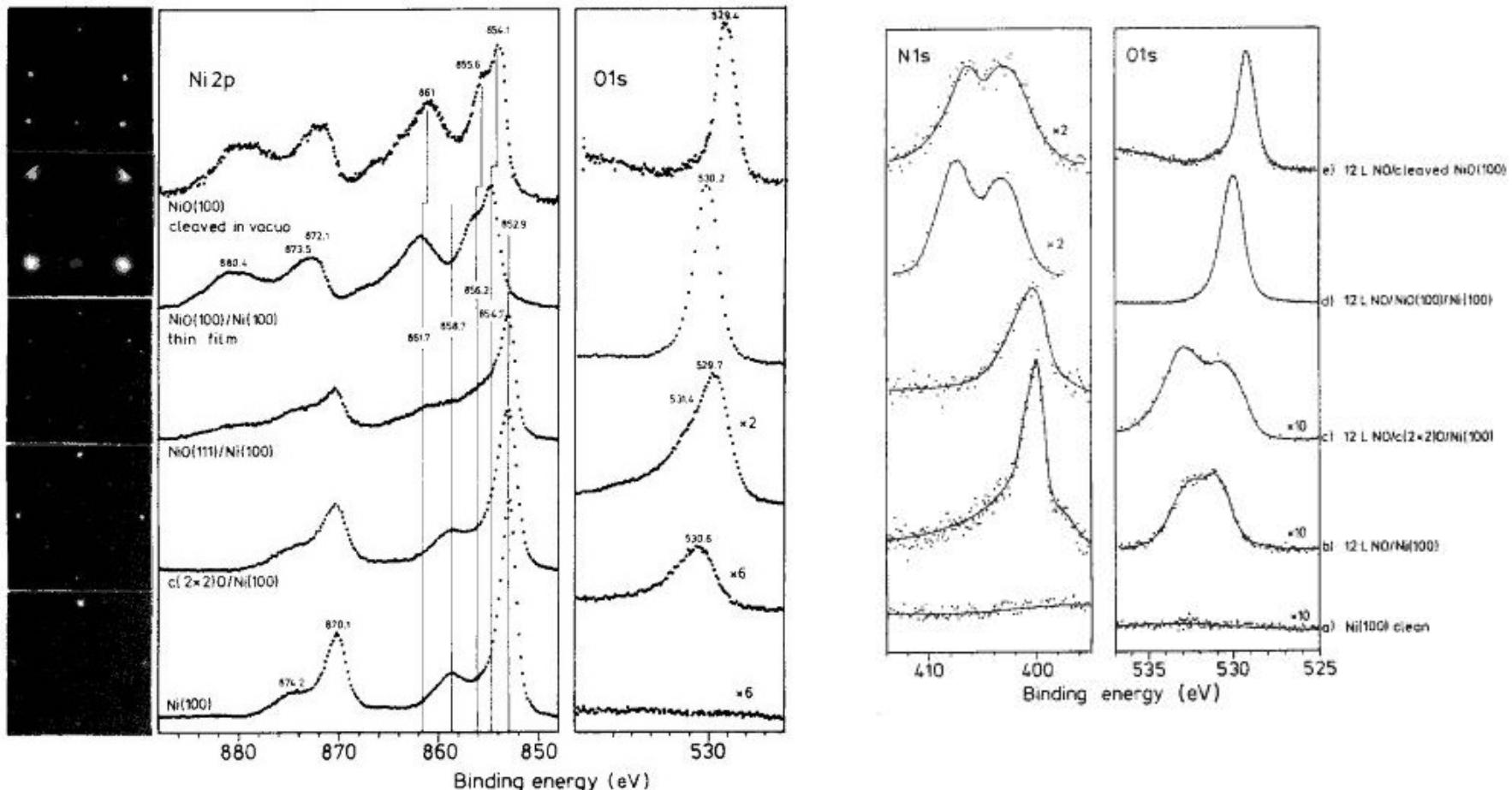
CO/NiO(100)

EELS/SPEELS



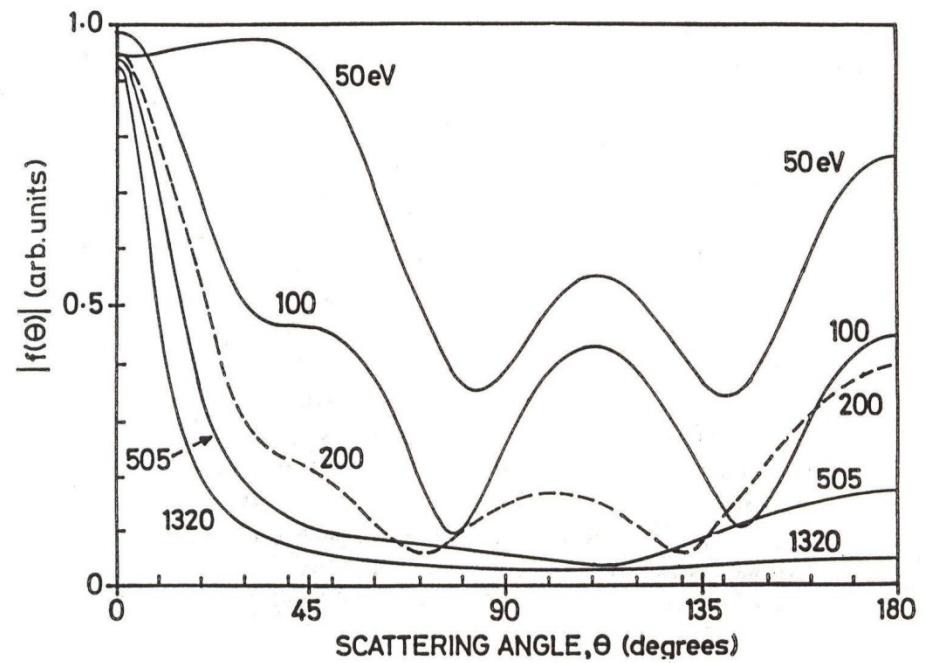
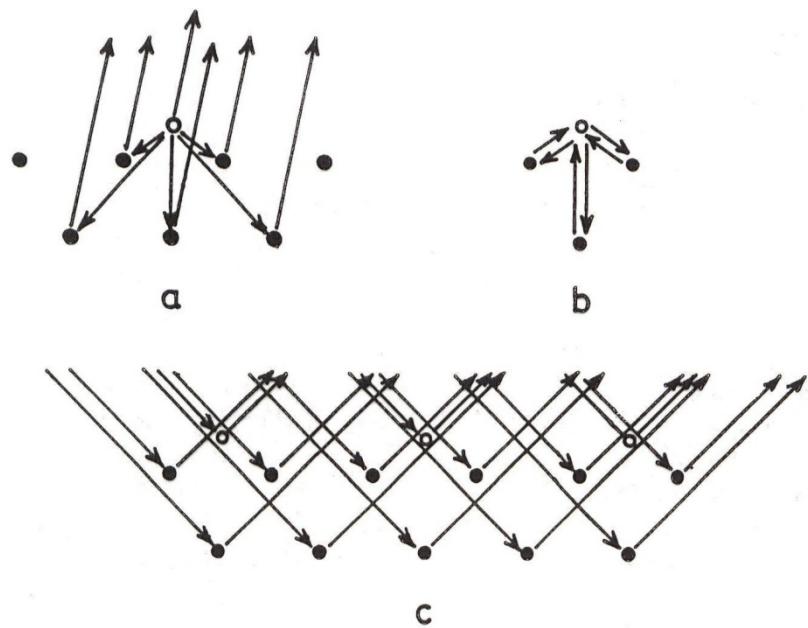
Photoemission

NiO(100) and NO/NiO(100)



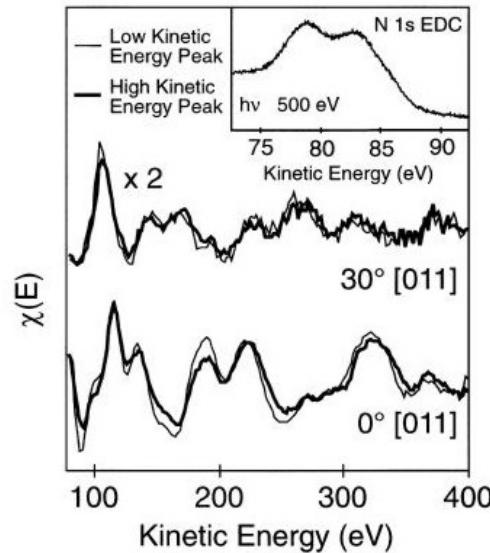
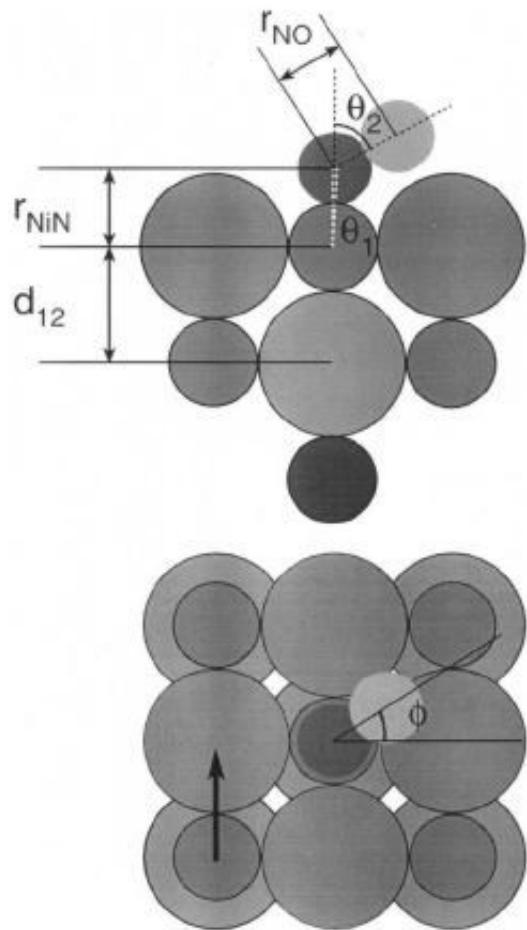
Photoelectron Diffraction

Schematic and Scattering factors



Photoelectron Diffraction

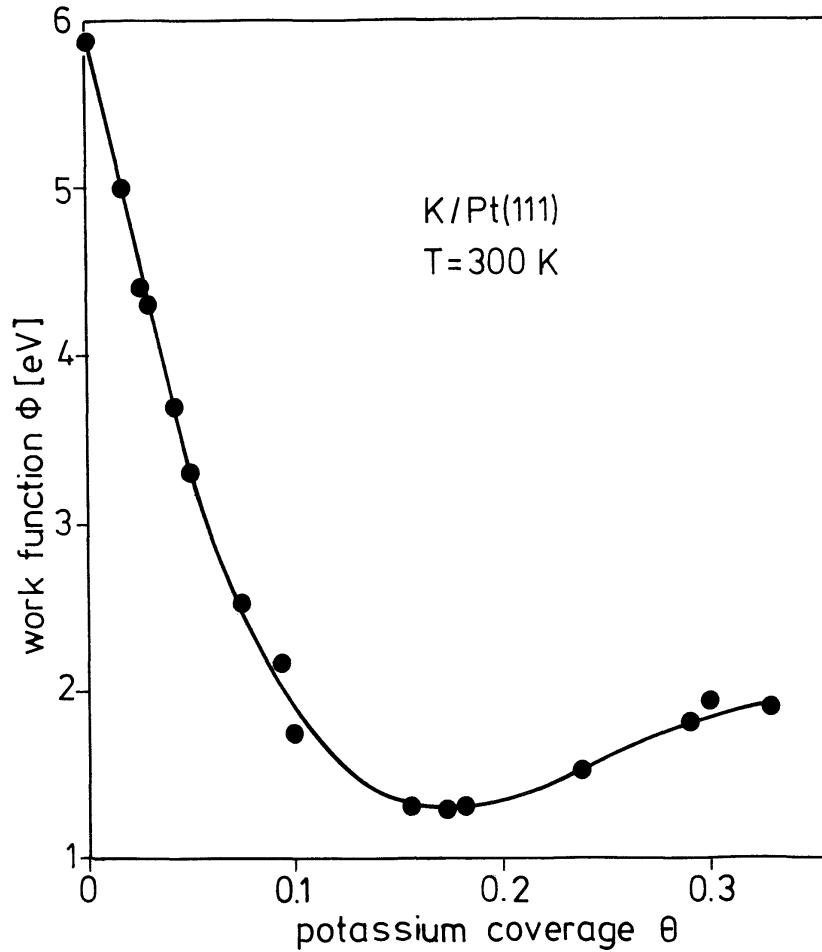
NO/NiO(100)



Parameter	Value
r_{NiN} (\AA)	1.88 ± 0.02
Θ_1 ($^\circ$)	+3 / -8
r_{NO} (\AA)	$1.12^{+*}/-0.15$
Θ_2 ($^\circ$)	$59 + 31/-17^{**}$
D_{12} (\AA)	2.07 ± 0.04 $(1.8 + 4.2/-1.8) \times 10^{-2}$ $(3.8 \pm 1.9) \times 10^{-3}$

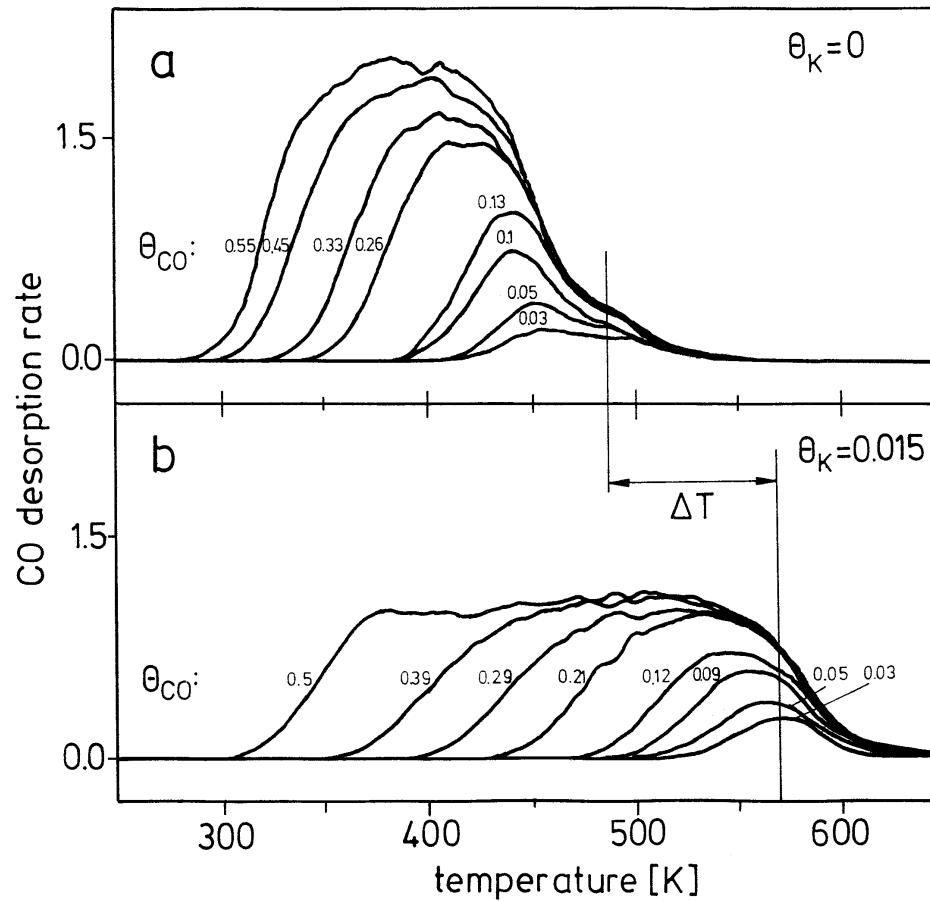
Work Function Changes

Alkali Adsorption



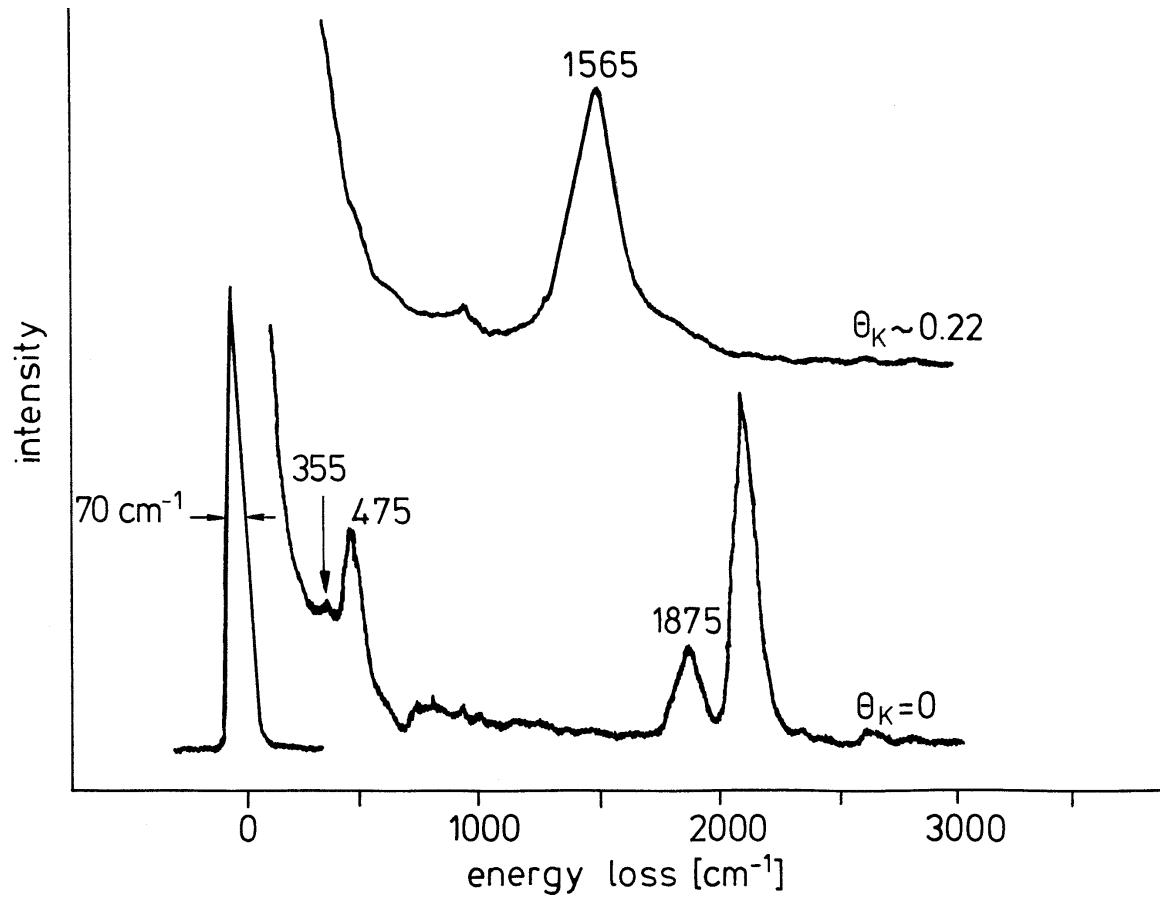
Thermal Adsorption Spectra

K/Pt(111) as a Function of K Coverage



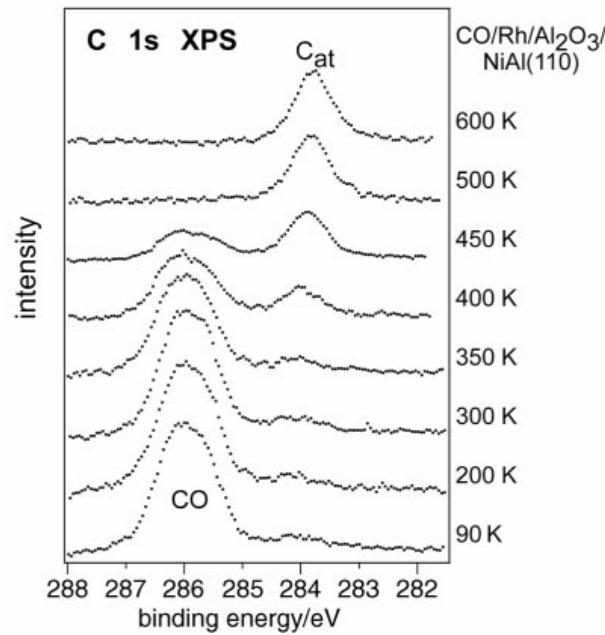
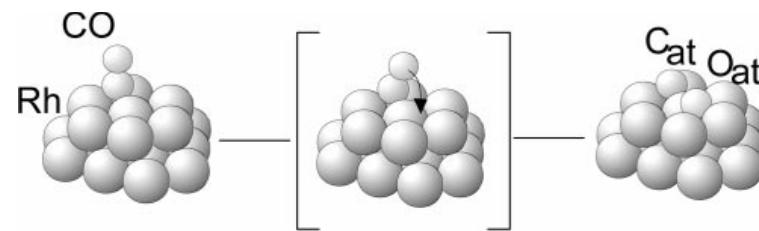
Alkali-molecule Interactions at Surfaces

CO/K/Pt(111) EELS



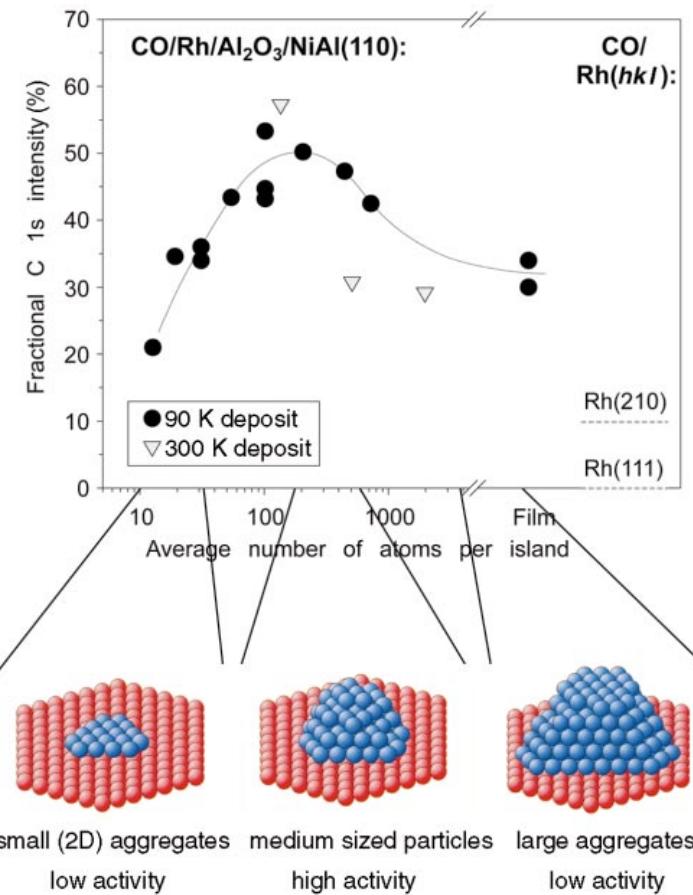
Photoemission

CO/Rh/ alumina Temperature Dependence



Photoemission

CO/Rh/ alumina Size Dependence



Microcalorimetry

CO/Pd/ ironoxide Size Dependence

